



2026 Tax Calendar

Your guide to navigating
tax compliance with ease.

Audit • Tax • Advisory • Outsourcing



2026

JANUARY

Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
			1	2	3	
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

FEBRUARY

Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
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MARCH

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29	30	31				

APRIL

Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
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MAY

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31						

JUNE

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JULY

Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
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AUGUST

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30	31					

SEPTEMBER

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27	28	29	30			

OCTOBER

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18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

NOVEMBER

Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
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29	30					

DECEMBER

Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
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13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

2026 Tax Calendar

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2026 Puerto Rico tax returns and due dates calendar

APPLICATION FOR EXEMPTION FROM PROPERTY TAXES

Machinery, materials and equipment available for installation (or in the process of being installed) are considered personal property. An application for exemption can be filed within 30 days after receiving the property. The exemption shall expire as soon as the property is installed or placed in service, but it will not be in effect for more than three (3) years after the property is available for installation.

January 12

FORM SC 2225

(Electronic filing through SURI) Monthly Excise Tax Return and payment.

January 14

Exempt Annual Report 2024

(Electronic filing on <https://incentives.ddec.pr.gov/>) – For calendar year Exempt Entities and individuals whose income tax return was due on 12/15/25 and which tax grant provides 30 days after filing the Income Tax Return.

January 15

DEPOSITS THROUGH SURI

Payment of Tax Withheld on services rendered and judicial or extrajudicial indemnifications.

January 15 (cont'd)

EXEMPT ANNUAL REPORT 2024

(Electronic filing on <https://incentives.ddec.pr.gov/>) – For Exempt Entities and individuals under the Other Industries category, as established in the Informative Bulletin 2025-0016, or for applicable taxpayers that requested an extension on or before 11/15/2025.

FORM 480.31

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld at Source from Non-resident persons for the month of December in excess of \$200.

FORM 480.32

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld on Royalties, for the month of December, paid to Non-residents under section 6(k) of the Tax Incentives Act of 1998.

FORM 480.9

Payment of Income Tax Withheld on dividends, partnerships distributions, interest and 10% penalty on IRA.

FORM 480 E-1

(Electronic filing) 2025 P.R. Individual Estimated Tax Payment Voucher - Fourth Installment.

FORM 499 R-1

(Electronic filing) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Income Tax Withheld from Employees for the month of December. If liability for the quarter is less than \$2,500, no deposit is required.

January 15 (cont'd)

FORM TSCH-1

Chaffeur's (and other employees) Social Security – Quarterly payment.

VOLUME OF BUSINESS TAX

Last day for payment of second semester for fiscal year 2025-2026.

January 20

FORM AS 2915.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Sales and Use Tax and Tax on Imports Monthly Return and payment (Includes Basic - SUT, Special 4% SUT, Exempt Sales, 6% reduced rate SUT and Marketplace Sales).

FORM AS 2970.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Declaration of Imports. Non- bonded importers - filed and paid on the date of introduction of items. Bonded importers - filed on the date of introduction. Payment is extended to the 20th day of the month following the month of introduction.

FORM CFSE 693/02-140

Workmen's Compensation Insurance Premium. Payment of second installment for fiscal year 2025-2026.

SALES AND USE TAX

Monthly Municipal Return and payment.

Notes:

01 2026

January

DECEMBER

Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
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		11	12	13	14	15
		16	17	18	19	20
		21	22	23	24	25
		26	27	28	29	30
		31				

FEBRUARY

Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
	1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
				1 New Year's Day	2	3
4	5	6 Three Kings Day	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18 Martin Luther King Jr. Day	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

Febrero 2

FORM 480.5

(Electronic filing through SURI) Summary of informative returns 480.7A and 480.7D.

FORM 480.6SP-1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Quarterly Return of Tax Withheld on Payments - Services Rendered - Quarter ended 12/31/25.

FORM 480.7A

(Electronic filing through SURI) Informative Returns - Mortgage interest.

FORM 480.7D

(Electronic filing through SURI) - Automobile lease payments.

FORM 499 R-1B

(Electronic filing) Employer's Quarterly Return of Income Tax Withheld – Quarter ended 12/31/25. If liability for the quarter is less than \$2,500, the deposit can be paid upon filing the quarterly return.

FORM 499R-2/W-2PR

(Electronic filing through SURI) Employer's Withholding Statement for Calendar Year 2025 (a 30-day extension is available).

FORM 499 R-3

(Electronic filing through SURI) 2025 Annual Reconciliation Statement of Income Tax Withheld (a 30-day extension is available).

FORM PR-UI-10 and PR-UI-10A

(Electronic filing through DTRH portal) P.R. Unemployment Insurance and Disability Benefits - Quarter ended 12/31/25.

FORM SC 2788 B

(Filed by the donor)

(Electronic filing through SURI) 2025 P.R. Gift Informative Return (a 3-month automatic extension is available). (A 6-month automatic extension is available if the applicant is outside of P.R.).

February 10

FORM SC 2225

(Electronic filing through SURI) Monthly Excise Tax Return and payment.

February 17

DEPOSITS THROUGH SURI

Payment of Tax Withheld on services rendered and judicial or extrajudicial indemnifications.

FORM 480.31

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld at Source from Non-resident persons for the month of January in excess of \$200.

FORM 480.32

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld on Royalties, for the month of January, paid to Non-residents under section 6(k) of the Tax Incentives Act of 1998.

FORM 480.9

Payment of Income Tax Withheld on dividends, partnerships distributions, interest and 10% penalty on IRA.

FORM 499 R-1

(Electronic filing) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Income Tax Withheld from Employees for the month of January. If liability for the quarter is less than \$2,500, no deposit is required.

PERSONAL PROPERTY ESTIMATED TAX PAYMENT

Electronic filing on (<https://portal.crim360.com/crimpr/index.htm>) 2025 - Third Installment.

February 20

FORM AS 2915.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Sales and Use Tax and Tax on Imports Monthly Return and payment. (Includes Basic - SUT, Special 4% SUT, Exempt Sales, 6% reduced rate SUT and Marketplace Sales).

FORM AS 2970.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Declaration of Imports. Non-bonded importers - filed and paid on the date of introduction of items. Bonded importers - filed on the date of introduction. Payment is extended to the 20th day of the month following the month of introduction.

SALES AND USE TAX

Monthly Municipal Return and payment.

Notes:

02 2026

February

JANUARY						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
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4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

MARCH						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	Presidents' Day		Ash Wednesday			St. Valentine's Day
22	23	24	25	26	27	28

March 3

FORM 480.5

(Electronic filing through SURI) Summary of informative returns 480.6A, 480.6B, 480.6D, 480.6G and 480.6SP; and 480.7, 480.7B, 480.7C, 480.7F and 480.7G, when reporting distributions only.

FORM 480.6A

(Electronic filing through SURI) Informative Return – Income Not Subject to Withholding.

FORM 480.6B

(Electronic filing through SURI) Informative Return – Income Subject to Withholding.

FORM 480.6B.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Annual Reconciliation Statement of Income Subject to Withholding.

FORM 480.6D

(Electronic filing through SURI) Informative Return – Exempt Income and Exempt Income Subject to Alternate Basic Tax.

FORM 480.6G

(Electronic filing through SURI) Informative Return – Transactions made by electronic means.

FORM 480.6SP

(Electronic filing through SURI) Informative Return – Services Rendered.

FORM 480.6SP.2

(Electronic filing through SURI) Annual Reconciliation Statement of Services Rendered.

FORM 480.7F

(Electronic filing through SURI) Informative Return – advertising, insurance premiums, telecommunication, internet access and cable or satellite television services.

March 3 (cont'd)

FORM 499R-2/W-2PR

(Electronic filing through SURI) Employer's Withholding Statement for Calendar Year 2025, if the 30-day extension was obtained.

FORM 499 R-3

(Electronic filing through SURI) 2025 Annual Reconciliation Statement of Income Tax Withheld, if the 30-day extension was obtained.

FORM 480.7

(Electronic filing through SURI) Informative Return – Individual Retirement Account when reporting distributions only.

FORM 480.7B

(Electronic filing through SURI) Informative Return – Educational Contribution Account when reporting distributions only.

FORM 480.7B.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Annual Reconciliation Statement of Tax Withheld from Individual Retirement Accounts and Educational Contribution Accounts.

FORM 480.7C

(Electronic filing through SURI) Informative Return – Retirement Plans and Annuities when reporting distributions only.

FORM 480.7C.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Annual Reconciliation Statement of Tax Withheld from Retirement Plans and Annuities.

March 10

FORM SC 2225

(Electronic filing through SURI) Monthly Excise Tax Return and payment.

March 16

DEPOSITS THROUGH SURI

Payment of Tax Withheld on services rendered and judicial or extrajudicial indemnifications.

FORM 480.31

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld at Source from Non-resident persons for the month of February in excess of \$200.

FORM 480.32

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld on Royalties, for the month of February, paid to Non-residents under Section 6(k) of the Tax Incentives Act of 1998.

FORM 480.60(F)

(Electronic filing through SURI) Revocable Trust or Grantor Trust Informative Return- Grantor Distributable Share on Income, Losses and Credits

FORM 480.80(F)

(Electronic filing through SURI) 2025 Revocable Trust or Grantor Trust Informative Income Tax Return (calendar year) (a 6-month automatic extension is available).

FORM 480.9

Payment of Income Tax Withheld on dividends, partnerships distributions, interest and 10% penalty on IRA.

FORM 499 R-1

(Electronic filing) Employer's Monthly Deposit of income Tax Withheld from Employees for the month of February. If liability for the quarter is less than \$2,500, no deposit is required.

March 20

FORM AS 2915.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Sales and Use Tax and Tax on imports Monthly Return and payment. (Includes Basic - SUT, Special 4% SUT, Exempt Sales, 6% reduced rate SUT and Marketplace Sales).

March 20 (cont'd)

FORM AS 2970.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Declaration of Imports. Non-bonded importers - filed and paid on the date of introduction of items. Bonded importers - filed on the date of introduction. Payment is extended to the 20th day of the month following the month of introduction.

SALES AND USE TAX

Monthly Municipal Return and payment.

March 31

FORM 480.20(EC)

(Electronic Filing) 2025 P.R. Informative Income Tax Return
Pass-Through Entity (calendar year pass-through entities)
(a 6-month automatic extension is available).

FORM 480.6(EC)

(Electronic filing) Informative Return – Pass Through Entity Partner’s Distributable Share or Stockholder’s Proportional Share on Income, Losses and Credits (calendar year pass-through entities) (a 6-month automatic extension is available).

Notes:

03 2026

March

FEBRUARY							APRIL						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	26	27	28	29	30		

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
1	2 American Citizenship Day	3	4	5	6	7
8 Daylight Savings starts	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17 St. Patrick's Day	18	19	20	21
22 Emancipation Day (P.R.)	23	24	25	26	27	28
29 Palm Sunday	30	31				

April 10

FORM SC 2225

(Electronic filing through SURI) Monthly Excise Tax Return and payment.

April 15

CORPORATE ANNUAL REPORT

(Electronic filing) 2025 Corporate Annual Fee payment Report.

DEPOSITS THROUGH SURI

Payment of Tax Withheld on services rendered and judicial or extrajudicial indemnifications.

FORM 480.20

(Electronic filing) 2025 P.R. Corporation Income Tax Return (calendar year corporations) (a 6-month automatic extension is available).

FORM 480.30

(Electronic filing through SURI) Non-resident Annual Return of Income Tax Withheld at Source.

FORM 480.31

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld at Source from Non-resident persons for the month of March in excess of \$200.

FORM 480.32

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld on Royalties, for the month of March, paid to Non-residents under Section 6(k) of the Tax Incentives Act of 1998.

FORM 480.5

(Electronic filing through SURI) Summary of Informative Returns 480.6C.

April 15 (cont'd)

FORM 480.6C

(Electronic filing through SURI) Informative Return Income Subject to Withholding - Non-resident.

FORM 480.80

2025 P.R. Fiduciary Income Tax Return (Estate or Trust) (a 6-month automatic extension is available).

FORM 480.9

Payment of Income Tax Withheld on dividends, partnerships distributions, interest and 10% penalty on IRA.

FORM 480.9EC

Payment Voucher of Tax Withheld on Distributable Share of Owners of Pass-Through Entities (calendar year entities). First installment.

FORM 480.E-1

(Electronic filing through SURI) 2026 P.R. Individual, Corporation and Partnership taxed as Corporations Estimated Tax Payment Voucher (calendar year) - **First Installment**.

FORM 482.0

2025 P.R. Individual Income Tax Return (a 6-month automatic extension is available).

FORM 482.0(C)

2025 P.R. Composite Return Partners and Individual Members of Partnerships and Limited Liability Companies (a 6-month automatic extension is available).

FORM 499 R-1

(Electronic filing) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Income Tax Withheld from Employees for the month of March. If liability for the quarter is less than \$2,500, no deposit is required.

April 15 (cont'd)

FORM TSCH-1

Chaffeur's (and other employees') Social Security - Quarterly payment.

Last day to elect the 10% tax withholding on interest.

Last day of payment of first installment of the Individual Income Tax Return for 2025 taxable year.

LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY'S ANNUAL FEE

(Electronic filing) 2025 LLCs Annual Fee (no extension is available).

April 20

FORM AS 2915.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Sales and Use Tax and Tax on Imports Monthly Return and payment. (Includes Basic - SUT, Special 4% SUT, Exempt Sales, 6% reduced rate SUT and Marketplace Sales).

FORM AS 2970.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Declaration of Imports. Non-bonded importers - filed and paid on the date of introduction of items. Bonded importers - filed on the date of introduction. Payment is extended to the 20th day of the month following the month of introduction.

SALES AND USE TAX

Monthly Municipal Return and payment.

April 22

VOLUME OF BUSINESS DECLARATION (MUNICIPAL LICENSE TAX)

Full payment required in order to obtain the 5% statutory discount (a 6-month extension is available) date varies, subject to municipalities interpretation.

April 30

EXEMPT ANNUAL REPORT FOR PASS-THROUGH ENTITIES - DUE 30 DAYS AFTER FILING INCOME TAX RETURN

(Electronic filing on <https://incentives.ddec.pr.gov/>) – For calendar year Exempt Pass- Through Entities Form 480.20(EC), due on March 31, 2026.

FORM 480.6SP-1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Quarterly Return of Tax Withheld on Payments for Services Rendered - Quarter ended 3/31/26.

FORM 499 R-1B

(Electronic filing) Employer's Quarterly Return of Income Tax Withheld Quarter ended 3/31/26. If liability for the quarter is less than \$2,500, the deposit can be paid upon filing the quarterly return.

FORM PR-UI-10 and PR UI-10A

(Electronic filing through DTRH Portal) P.R. Unemployment Insurance and Disability Benefits - Quarter ended 3/31/26.

FORM SC 2788 B

(Filed by the donor) 2025 P.R. Gift Informative Return, if the 3-month automatic extension was obtained.

04 April 2026

MARCH						
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22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

MAY						
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3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Easter Sunday					Good Friday	
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30		

Administrative
Professional Day

May 11

FORM SC 2225

(Electronic filing through SURI) Monthly Excise Tax Return and payment.

May 15

DEPOSITS THROUGH SURI

Payment of Tax Withheld on services rendered and judicial or extrajudicial indemnifications.

EXEMPT INDIVIDUAL ANNUAL REPORT - DUE 30 DAYS AFTER FILING INCOME TAX RETURN

Electronic filing on (<https://incentives.ddec.pr.gov/>) – Exempt individuals that filed the Income Tax Return, Form 482.0, due on April 15, 2026.

FORM 480.31

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld at Source from Non-resident persons for the month of April in excess of \$200.

FORM 480.32

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld on Royalties, for the month of April, paid to Non-residents under Section 6(k) of the Tax Incentives Act of 1998.

FORM 480.9

Payment of Income Tax Withheld on dividends, partnerships distributions, interest and 10% penalty on IRA.

FORM 499 R-1

(Electronic filing) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Income Tax Withheld from Employees for the month of April. If liability for the quarter is less than \$2,500, no deposit is required.

May 15 (cont'd)

FORM AS-29

Electronic filing on (<https://portal.crim360.com/crimpr/index.htm>) 2025 Personal Property Tax Return (5% discount granted if estimated tax installments were paid and total liability is satisfied by the due date). (A 3-month automatic extension is available).

PERSONAL PROPERTY ESTIMATED TAX PAYMENT

Electronic filing on (<https://portal.crim360.com/crimpr/index.htm>) 2025 - Fourth Installment.

May 20

FORM AS 2915.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Sales and Use Tax and Tax on Imports Monthly Return and payment. (Includes Basic - SUT, Special 4% SUT, Exempt Sales, 6% reduced rate SUT and Marketplace Sales).

FORM AS 2970.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Declaration of Imports. **Non-bonded importers** - filed and paid on the date of introduction of items. **Bonded importers** - filed on the date of introduction. Payment is extended to the 20th day of the month following the month of introduction.

SALES AND USE TAX

Monthly Municipal Return and payment.

Notes:

05 2026

May

APRIL							JUNE						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
			1	2	3	4		1	2	3	4	5	6
5	6	7	8	9	10	11	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
26	27	28	29	30			28	29	30				

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Mother's Day						
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

June 10

FORM SC 2225

(Electronic filing through SURI) Monthly Excise Tax Return and payment.

June 15

DEPOSITS THROUGH SURI

Payment of Tax Withheld on services rendered and judicial or extrajudicial indemnifications.

FORM 480.30(II)

2025 Exempt Businesses Income Tax Return (calendar year corporations) (a 6-month automatic extension is available).

FORM 480.31

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld at Source from Non-resident persons for the month of May in excess of \$200.

FORM 480.32

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld on Royalties, for the month of May, paid to Non-residents under Section 6(k) of the Tax Incentives Act of 1998.

FORM 480.7(OE)

2025 P.R. Informative Return for Income Tax Exempt Organizations (calendar year corporations). (a 6-month automatic extension is available).

FORM 499 R-1

(Electronic filing) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Income Tax Withheld from Employees for the month of May. If liability for the quarter is less than \$2,500, no deposit is required.

FORM 480.9

Payment of Income Tax Withheld on dividends, partnerships distributions, interest and 10% penalty on IRA.

June 15 (cont'd)

FORM 480.9EC

(Electronic filing through SURI) Payment Voucher of Tax Withheld on Distributable Share of Owners of Pass-Through Entities (calendar year entities) - Second installment.

FORM 480.E-1

(Electronic filing through SURI) 2026 P.R. Individual, Corporation and Partnership taxed as Corporations Estimated Tax Payment Voucher (calendar year) - Second Installment.

June 22

FORM AS 2915.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Sales and Use Tax and Tax on Imports Monthly Return and payment. payment (Includes Basic - SUT, Special 4% SUT, Exempt Sales, 6% reduced rate SUT and Marketplace Sales).

FORM AS 2970.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Declaration of Imports. **Non-bonded importers** - filed and paid on the date of introduction of items. **Bonded importers** - filed on the date of introduction. Payment is extended to the 20th day of the month following the month of introduction.

SALES AND USE TAX

Monthly Municipal Return and payment.

VOLUME OF BUSINESS DECLARATION FOR EXEMPT BUSINESSES

Full payment required in order to obtain the 5% statutory discount (a 6-month extension is available) date varies, subject to municipalities interpretation.

Notes:

06 2026

June

MAY						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
				1	2	
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

JULY						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
					Juneteenth Day	
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Father's Day						
28	29	30				

July 10

FORM 2225

(Electronic filing through SURI) Monthly Excise Tax Return and payment.

July 15

DEPOSITS THROUGH SURI

Payment of Tax Withheld on services rendered and judicial or extrajudicial indemnifications.

EXEMPT CORPORATION ANNUAL REPORT - DUE 30 DAYS AFTER FILING INCOME TAX RETURN

Electronic filing on (<https://incentives.ddec.pr.gov/>)

For calendar year corporations Form 480.30(II), due on June 16, 2026.

FORM 480.31

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld at Source from Non-resident persons for the month of June in excess of \$200.

FORM 480.32

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld on Royalties, for the month of June, paid to Non-residents under Section 6(k) of the Tax Incentives Act of 1998.

FORM 480.9

Payment of Income Tax Withheld on dividends, partnerships distributions, interest and 10% penalty on IRA.

FORM 499 R-1

(Electronic filing) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Income Tax Withheld from Employees for the month of June. If liability for the quarter is less than \$2,500, no deposit is required.

July 15 (cont'd)

FORM TSCH-1

Chaffeur's (and other employees') Social Security - Quarterly payment.

VOLUME OF BUSINESS TAX

Last day for payment of first semester for fiscal year 2026-2027 without the 5% statutory discount, if full payment was not made with extension request or declaration.

July 20

FORM AS 2915.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Sales and Use Tax and Tax on Imports Monthly Return and payment. (Includes Basic - SUT, Special 4% SUT, Exempt Sales, 6% reduced rate SUT and Marketplace Sales).

FORM AS 2970.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Declaration of Imports. **Non-bonded importers** - filed and paid on the date of introduction of items. **Bonded importers** - filed on the date of introduction. Payment is extended to the 20th day of the month following the month of introduction.

FORM CFSE 693

Annual Payroll Statement to the State Insurance Fund of Puerto Rico 2025-2026 Workmen's Compensation Insurance Premium. Payment of first installment for fiscal year 2026-2027.

SALES AND USE TAX

Monthly Municipal Return and payment.

July 31

FORM SC 2788 B

(Filed by the donor)

(Electronic filing through SURI) 2025 P.R. Gift Informative Return, if the 6-month automatic extension was obtained.

FORM 480.6SP-1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Quarterly Return of Tax Withheld on Payments for Services Rendered - Quarter ended 6/30/26.

July 31 (cont'd)

FORM 499 R-1B

(Electronic filing) Employer's Quarterly Return of Income Tax Withheld - Quarter ended 6/30/26. If liability for the quarter is less than \$2,500, the deposit can be paid upon filing the quarterly return.

FORM PR-UI-10 and PR-UI-10A

P.R. Unemployment Insurance and Disability Benefits - Quarter ended 6/30/26. (Electronic filing through DTRH portal).

Notes:

07 2026

July

JUNE							AUGUST						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
			1	2	3	4	5	6		1	2	3	4
		7	8	9	10	11	12	13		2	3	4	5
		14	15	16	17	18	19	20		9	10	11	12
		21	22	23	24	25	26	27		16	17	18	19
		28	29	30						23	24	25	26
										30	31		

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
			1	2	3	4
						Independence Day
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
						Constitution of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico
26	27	28	29	30	31	

08 2026

August

JULY						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

SEPTEMBER						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30			

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					

09 2026

September

AUGUST						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					

OCTOBER						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Labor Day					
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30			

October 13

FORM SC 2225

(Electronic filing through SURI) Monthly Excise Tax Return and payment.

October 15

DEPOSITS THROUGH SURI

Payment of Tax Withheld on services rendered and judicial or extrajudicial indemnifications.

FORM 480.20

(Electronic filing) 2025 P.R. Corporation Income Tax Return, if the 6-month automatic extension was obtained (calendar year corporations).

FORM 480.31

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld at Source from Non-resident persons for the month of September in excess of \$200.

FORM 480.32

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld on Royalties, for the month of September, paid to Non-residents under section 6(k) of the Tax Incentives Act of 1998.

FORM 480.80

2025 P.R. Fiduciary Income Tax Return (Estate or Trust), if the 6-month automatic extension was obtained.

FORM 480.9

Payment of Income Tax Withheld on dividends, partnerships distributions, interest and 10% penalty on IRA.

FORM 482.0

2025 P.R. Individual Income Tax Return, if the 6-month automatic extension was obtained.

October 15 (cont'd)

FORM 482.0(C)

2025 P.R. Composite Return Partners and Individual Members of Partnerships and Limited Liability Companies, if the 6-month automatic extension was obtained.

FORM 499 R-1

(Electronic filing) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Income Tax Withheld from Employees for the month of September. If liability for the quarter is less than \$2,500, no deposit is required.

FORM TSCH-1

Chauffeur's (and other employees') Social Security - Quarterly payment.

Last day of Payment of Second Installment of Individual Income Tax Return for 2025 taxable year.

October 20

FORM AS 2915.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Sales and Use Tax and Tax on Imports Monthly Return and payment. (Includes Basic - SUT, Special 4% SUT, Exempt Sales, 6% reduced rate SUT and Marketplace Sales).

FORM AS 2970.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Declaration of Imports. **Non-bonded importers** - filed and paid on the date of introduction of items. **Bonded importers** - filed on the date of introduction. Payment is extended to the 20th day of the month following the month of introduction.

SALES AND USE TAX

Monthly Municipal Return and payment.

October 22

VOLUME OF BUSINESS DECLARATION (MUNICIPAL LICENSE TAX)

Due date if the 6-month extension was obtained. Date varies, subject to municipalities' interpretation.

October 30

EXEMPT ANNUAL REPORT FOR PASS THROUGH ENTITIES – DECREES UNDER PREVIOUS ACTS DUE 30 DAYS AFTER FILING INCOME TAX RETURN

(Electronic filing on <https://incentives.ddec.pr.gov/>)

– For calendar year Exempt Pass-Through Entities with decrees stating due date is 30 days after filing of the Income Tax Return, Form 480.20(EC), if the automatic extension was obtained.

Notes:

10 2026

October

SEPTEMBER						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30			

NOVEMBER						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	Columbus' Day (PR and Federal)					
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

November 2

FORM 480.6SP-1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Quarterly Return of Tax Withheld on Payments for Services Rendered - Quarter ended 9/30/26.

FORM 499 R-1B

(Electronic filing) – Employer's Quarterly Return of Income Tax Withheld – Quarter ended 9/30/26. If liability for the quarter is less than \$2,500, the deposit can be paid upon filing the quarterly return.

FORM PR-UI-10 and PR-UI-10A

P.R. Unemployment Insurance and Disability Benefits Quarter ended 9/30/26. (Electronic filing through DTRH portal).

November 10

FORM SC 2225

(Electronic filing through SURI) Monthly Excise Tax Return and payment.

November 16

DEPOSITS THROUGH SURI

Payment of Tax Withheld on services rendered and judicial or extrajudicial indemnifications.

EXEMPT ANNUAL REPORT - WHEN SPECIFIED IN DECREE

(Electronic filing on <https://incentives.ddec.pr.gov/>) For calendar year Exempt Entities that filed the Income Tax Return.

EXEMPT INDIVIDUAL ANNUAL REPORT – DECREES DUE 30 DAYS AFTER FILING INCOME TAX RETURN

(Electronic filing on <https://incentives.ddec.pr.gov/>) – Exempt Individuals that filed the Income Tax Return, Form 482.0, if the automatic extension was obtained.

FORM 480.31

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld at Source from Non-resident persons for the month of October in excess of \$200.

November 16 (cont'd)

FORM 480.32

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld on Royalties, for the month of October, paid to Non-residents under Section 6(k) of the Tax Incentives Act of 1998.

FORM 480.9

Payment of Income Tax Withheld on dividends, partnerships distributions, interest and 10% penalty on IRA.

FORM 499 R-1

(Electronic filing) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Income Tax Withheld from Employees for the month of October. If liability for the quarter is less than \$2,500, no deposit is required.

PERSONAL PROPERTY ESTIMATED TAX PAYMENT

(Electronic filing on <https://portal.crim360.com/crimpr/index.htm>) 2026 - Second Installment.

November 20

FORM AS 2915.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Sales and Use Tax and Tax on Imports Monthly Return and payment. (Includes Basic - SUT, Special 4% SUT, Exempt Sales, 6% reduced rate SUT and Marketplace Sales).

FORM AS 2970.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Declaration of Imports. Non-bonded importers - filed and paid on the date of introduction of items. Bonded importers - filed on the date of introduction. Payment is extended to the 20th day of the month following the month of introduction.

SALES AND USE TAX

Monthly Municipal Return and payment.

FORM 480.5

(Electronic filing through SURI) Summary of informative returns 480.7, 480.7B and 480.7C, when reporting contributions or other transactions or event, but not distributions.

November 20 (cont'd)

FORM 480.7

(Electronic filing through SURI) Informative Return- Individual Retirement Account when reporting contributions or other transactions or event, but not distributions.

FORM 480.7B

(Electronic filing through SURI) Informative Return- Educational Contribution Account when reporting contributions or other transactions or event, but not distributions.

FORM 480.7C

(Electronic filing through SURI) Informative Return- Retirement Plans and Annuities when reporting contributions or other transactions or event, but not distributions.

Notes:

11 2026 November

OCTOBER							DECEMBER						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
						1	2	3		1	2	3	4
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
25	26	27	28	29	30	31	27	28	29	30	31		

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
1 Daylight Savings ends	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10 Veterans Day	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19 Discovery of Puerto Rico Day	20	21
22	23	24	25	26 Thanksgiving Day	27	28
29	30					

12 2026

December

NOVEMBER						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					

JANUARY						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
						1
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

Christmas Day

January 11, 2027

FORM SC 2225

(Electronic filing through SURI) Monthly Excise Tax Return and payment.

January 15

DEPOSITS THROUGH SURI

Payment of Tax Withheld on services rendered and judicial or extrajudicial indemnifications.

EXEMPT CORPORATION ANNUAL REPORT - DECREES UNDER PREVIOUS ACTS DUE 30 DAYS AFTER FILING

FORM 480.31

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld at Source from Non-resident persons for the month of December in excess of \$200.

FORM 480.32

(Electronic filing) Deposit coupon of Income Tax Withheld on Royalties for the month of December, paid to Non-residents under section 6(k) of the Tax Incentives Act of 1998.

FORM 480.9

Payment of Income Tax Withheld on dividends, partnerships distributions, interest and 10% penalty on IRA.

FORM 480.E-1

(Electronic filing through SURI) 2026 P.R. Individual Estimated Tax Payment Voucher – **Fourth Installment**.

FORM 499 R-1

(Electronic filing) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Income Tax Withheld from Employees for the month of December. If liability for the quarter is less than \$2,500, no deposit is required.

FORM TSCH-1

Chaffeur's (and other employees') Social Security - Quarterly payment.

January 15 (cont'd)

VOLUME OF BUSINESS TAX

Last day for the payment of second semester for fiscal year 2026-2027.

January 20

FORM AS 2915.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Sales and Use Tax and Tax on Imports Monthly Return and payment. (Includes Basic SUT, Special 4% SUT, Exempt Sales, SUT, and 6% reduced rate SUT and Marketplace Sales).

FORM AS 2970.1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Declaration of Imports. **Non-bonded importers** - filed and paid on the date of introduction of items. **Bonded importers** - filed on the date of introduction. Payment is extended to the 20th day of the month following the month of introduction.

FORM CFSE 693/02-140

Workmen's Compensation Insurance Premium. Payment of second installment for fiscal year 2026-2027.

SALES AND USE TAX

Monthly Municipal Return and payment.

January 31

FORM 480.5

(Electronic filing through SURI) Summary of informative returns.

FORM 480.6SP-1

(Electronic filing through SURI) Quarterly Return of Tax Withheld on Payments for Services Rendered - Quarter ended 12/31/26.

FORM 480.7A

(Electronic filing through SURI) Informative Returns - Mortgage interest.

January 31 (cont'd)

FORM 480.7D

(Electronic filing through SURI) - Automobile lease payments.

FORM 499 R-1B

(Electronic filing) Employer's Quarterly Return of Income Tax Withheld – Quarter ended 12/31/26. If liability for the quarter is less than \$2,500, the deposit can be paid upon filing the quarterly return.

FORM 499R-2/W-2PR

(Electronic filing through SURI) Employer's Withholding Statement for Calendar Year 2026 (a 30-day extension is available).

FORM 499 R-3

(Electronic filing through SURI) 2026 Annual Reconciliation Statement of Income Tax Withheld (a 30-day extension is available).

FORM PR-UI-10 and PR-UI-10A

(Electronic filing through DTRH portal) P.R. Unemployment Insurance and Disability Benefits - Quarter ended 12/31/26. Electronic filing through DTRH Portal).

FORM SC 2788 B

(Filed by the donor)

(Electronic filing through SURI) 2026 P.R. Gift Informative Return (a 3-month automatic extension is available). (A 6-month automatic extension is available if the applicant is outside of P.R.).

01 2027

January

DECEMBER						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

FEBRUARY						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28						

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
					1 New Year's Day	2
3	4	5	6 Three Kings Day	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18 Martin Luther King Jr. Day	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

2026 Federal tax returns and due dates

January 15

FORM 941

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Social Security and Medicare Withheld from Employees for the month of December.

FORM 1040-ES

2025 U.S. Individual Estimated Tax Payment Voucher -Fourth Installment.

February 2

FORM 940

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Federal Unemployment Quarterly Deposit - Quarter ended 12/31/25. If liability for the quarter is less than \$500, no deposit is required.

FORM 940-PR

Employer's Annual Federal Unemployment (FUTA) Tax Return. However, if all tax due is deposited on time, you can file on 2/10/26.

FORM 941(sp)

Employer's Quarterly Federal (FICA) Tax Return and payment – Quarter ended 12/31/25. However, if all tax due is deposited on time, you have until 2/10/26 to file.

FORM W-3PR

2025 Transmittal of Withholding Statements Annual Reconciliation of FICA Tax Withheld.

February 17

FORM 941

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Social Security and Medicare Withheld from Employees for the month of January.

March 16

FORM 941

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Social Security and Medicare Withheld from Employees for the month of February.

FORM 1065

2025 U.S. Partnership Income Tax Return (calendar year partnerships) (a 6-month extension is available).

FORM 3520-A

Annual Information Return of Foreign Trust with a U.S. Owner (calendar year taxpayer) (a 6-month automatic extension is available).

April 15

FINCEN FORM 114

(Electronic filing) 2025 Foreign Bank Account Report (a 6-month automatic extension is available).

FORM 941

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Social Security and Medicare Withheld from Employees for the month of March.

FORM 1040

2025 U.S. Individual Income Tax Return (a 6-month automatic extension is available).

FORM 1040-ES

2026 U.S. Individual Estimated Tax Payment Voucher - First Installment.

FORM 1040-SS

2025 U. S. Self-employment Tax Return. Required if net earnings from self-employment are \$400 or more (a 6-month automatic extension is available).

FORM 1041

2025 U.S. Income Tax Return for Estates and Trusts (a 5 ½ -month automatic extension is available).

April 15 (cont'd)

FORM 1120

2025 U.S. Corporation Income Tax Return (calendar year corporations) (a 6-month automatic extension is available).

FORM 3520

Annual Return to Report Transactions with Foreign Trusts and Receipt of Certain Foreign Gifts for residents and military in service in U.S. or PR (calendar year taxpayer) (a 6-month automatic extension is available).

April 30

FORM 940

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Federal Unemployment Quarterly Deposit - Quarter ended 3/31/26. If liability for the quarter is less than \$500, no deposit is required.

FORM 941(sp)

Employer's Quarterly Federal (FICA) Tax Return and payment – Quarter ended 3/31/26. However, if all tax due is deposited on time, you have until 5/12/26 to file.

May 15

FORM 941

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Social Security and Medicare Withheld from Employees for the month of April.

June 15

FORM 941

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Social Security and Medicare Withheld from Employees for the month of May.

June 15 (cont'd)

FORM 1040

2025 U.S. Individual Income Tax Return if you are a U. S. citizen or resident alien living and working outside the United States and Puerto Rico (a 4-month automatic extension is available).

FORM 1040-ES

2026 U.S. Individual Estimated Tax Payment Voucher -Second Installment.

July 15

FORM 941

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Social Security and Medicare Withheld from Employees for the month of June.

July 31

FORM 940

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Federal Unemployment Quarterly Deposit - Quarter ended 6/30/26. If liability for the quarter is less than \$500, no deposit is required.

FORM 941(sp)

Employer's Quarterly Federal (FICA) Tax Return and payment – Quarter ended 6/30/26. However, if all tax due is deposited on time, you have until 8/11/26 to file.

August 15

FORM 941

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Social Security and Medicare Withheld from Employees for the month of July.

2026 Federal tax returns and due dates (cont'd)

September 15

FORM 941

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Social Security and Medicare Withheld from Employees for the month of August.

FORM 1040-ES

2026 U.S. Individual Estimated Tax Payment Voucher - **Third Installment**.

FORM 1065

2025 U.S. Partnership Income Tax Return, if the 6-month automatic extension was obtained (calendar year partnerships).

FORM 3520-A

Annual Information Return of Foreign Trust with a U.S. Owner, if the 6-month automatic extension was obtained (calendar year taxpayer).

September 30

FORM 1041

2025 U.S. Income Tax Return for Estates and Trusts, if the 5½-month automatic extension was obtained (calendar year).

October 15

FINCEN FORM 114

(Electronic filing) 2024 Foreign Bank Account Report, if the 6-month automatic extension was obtained.

October 15 (cont'd)

FORM 941

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Social Security and Medicare Withheld from Employees for the month of September.

FORM 1040

2025 U.S. Individual Income Tax Return, if the 6-month automatic extension was obtained.

FORM 1040-SS

2025 U.S. Self-employment Tax Return, if the 6-month automatic extension was obtained. was obtained (calendar year taxpayer)

FORM 1120

2025 U.S. Corporation Income Tax Return, if the 6-month automatic extension was obtained (calendar year corporations).

FORM 3520

Annual Return to Report Transactions with Foreign Trusts and Receipt of Certain Foreign Gifts for residents and military in service in U.S. or PR, if the 6-month automatic extension

November 2

FORM 940

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Federal Unemployment Quarterly Deposit - Quarter ended 9/30/26 If liability for the quarter is less than \$500, no deposit is required.

FORM 941(sp)

Employer's Quarterly Federal (FICA) Tax Return and payment - Quarter ended 9/30/26. However, if all tax due is deposited on time, you have until 11/10/26 to file.

November 16

FORM 941

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Social Security and Medicare Withheld from Employees for the month of October.

December 15

FORM 941

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Social Security and Medicare Withheld from Employees for the month of November.

January 15, 2027

FORM 941

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Employer's Monthly Deposit of Social Security and Medicare Withheld from Employees for the month of December.

FORM 1040-ES

2026 U.S. Individual Estimated Tax Payment Voucher - **Fourth Installment**.

February 2, 2027

FORM 940-PR

2026 Employer's Annual Federal Unemployment (FUTA) Tax Return. However, if all tax due is deposited on time, you can file on 2/10/27. If liability for the quarter is less than \$500, no deposit is required.

February 2, 2027 (cont'd)

FORM 940

File through Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) Federal Unemployment Quarterly Deposit - Quarter ended 12/31/26. If liability for the quarter is less than \$500, no deposit is required.

FORM 941(sp)

Employer's Quarterly Federal (FICA) Tax Return and payment - Quarter ended 12/31/26. However, if all tax due is deposited on time, you have until 2/10/27 to file.

FORM W-3PR

Transmittal of 2026 Withholding Statements Annual Reconciliation of FICA Tax Withheld.



The Importance of Transfer Pricing

As businesses in Puerto Rico expand to international markets, and others are established here to serve related entities elsewhere, the subject of transfer pricing becomes pivotal in the new structure.

It is of the utmost importance to examine the transactions among related entities, in order to determine the most advantageous structure, while complying with transfer pricing requirements in each jurisdiction.

We have a local team of experts dedicated to assisting businesses navigate through transfer pricing and establish sound policies in order to make their business case more robust and reduce risks.

If your business operates in more than one jurisdiction, you may contact us to see how transfer pricing impacts you.

Transfer Pricing

Overview

A transfer pricing study is an analysis of the business from a global perspective, focusing on transactions among related entities and comparing the results of those transactions with the results of similar transactions among unrelated parties to determine if the charges are “arm’s-length”. The main purpose of a transfer pricing study is to analyze specific transactions that involve transfers of tangible property, transfers of intangible property, the provision of services, or intercompany financing, and compare such transactions with the industry’s standard to determine whether the transactions held between related parties are performed as if they were third parties.

In addition, a transfer pricing study also analyzes the taxpayer’s industry, its principal competitors, the company’s performance throughout the years, the assets used in the business, and the risks associated with its business operations. It is considered a comprehensive study that dives into the core business functions of a company and compares it to similar operations within the industry. It also offers valuable insight into the company’s performance and, ultimately, dictates whether the transactions between related parties are within an acceptable range.

Important Considerations

The Internal Revenue Service and the Puerto Rico Treasury Department have the authority to adjust the income, deductions, credits, or allowances of taxpayers with related-party transactions to prevent evasion of taxes or to clearly reflect their income. Companies that fail to provide requested transfer pricing documentation (“Transfer Pricing Study”) within 30 days may face penalties. The Transfer Pricing Study must comply with U.S. Internal Revenue Code provisions and related regulations, which are also followed by Puerto Rican tax authorities.

In addition, the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, as amended, (“PRIRC”) establishes that, for income taxpurposes, only 49% of the following expenses can be deducted:

- ✓ Expenses incurred or paid to a related person not engaged in trade or business in Puerto Rico, if such payments are attributable to the conduct of a trade or business in Puerto Rico and are not subject to withholding at source under the PRIRC during the taxable year in which it occurs; or
- ✓ Expenses incurred or paid to a home office located outside of Puerto Rico, by a foreign corporation engaged in trade or business in Puerto Rico through a branch operation.

Taxpayers subject to the limitation above, have the option to claim 100% of intercompany expenses if a Transfer Pricing Study is performed following the United States’ transfer pricing rules established in Section 482 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code and its regulations. This Transfer Pricing Study must be available at the time of filing the income tax return.

Transfer Pricing Penalties

Transfer pricing related penalties may be imposed by the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) when transactions between related entities are found not to align with the arm’s length principle. Transfer pricing related penalties generally fall into two main categories:

Penalty Type	Description	Penalty Rate
Valuation Misstatement	<p>This penalty is raised when the IRS determines that the price for any property or services claimed on the federal tax return is 200% more or 50% less than the correct price, or when the net of the adjustments made by the IRS exceeds the lesser of \$5 million or 10% of the taxpayer’s gross receipts for the taxable year.</p>	20% of tax underpayment
Gross Valuation Misstatement	<p>This penalty is raised when the IRS determines that the price for any property or services claimed on the federal tax return is 400% more or 25% less than the correct price, or when the net of the adjustments made by the IRS exceeds the lesser of \$20 million or 20% of the taxpayer’s gross receipts for the taxable year.</p>	40% of tax underpayment

Transfer Pricing (cont'd)

Taxpayers can often avoid or mitigate transfer pricing related penalties by demonstrating they made a reasonable effort to comply with the arm's length principle. This typically requires maintaining a thorough and contemporaneous transfer pricing study that explains the selected method(s), economic analyses performed, and rationale for transfer pricing decisions; applying the methods specified in the regulations and complying with the best method rule; and furnishing all relevant documentation to the IRS within the required timeframe upon request (30 days).

Sales & Use Tax Implications

The PRIRC establishes that, in the case of services rendered by a nonresident person (i.e. service providers not registered in Puerto Rico, home office allocations, management fees, etc.) to a person located in Puerto Rico, regardless of the place where the service was rendered, the person responsible for the payment of sales and use taxes shall be the person who receives the service in Puerto Rico. Furthermore, the PRIRC notes that, in computing the net income for income tax purposes, the expenses incurred or paid for services rendered by a nonresident person cannot be claimed as a deduction if the taxpayer has not paid the sales and use tax on said services.

Therefore, regardless of whether a transfer pricing study has been conducted, this requirement remains in effect. While transfer pricing studies are valuable for ensuring compliance with international tax regulations and determining the appropriate pricing of related party transactions, they do not exempt taxpayers from the obligation to pay sales and use taxes on services sourced from foreign entities.

Our team of transfer pricing experts is available to assist you with the preparation of a Transfer Pricing Study in full compliance with the rules and regulations of the participating jurisdictions.

Contact us today to learn more about how we can help you.

Transfer pricing key contacts



Francisco Luis
Partner - Head of Tax
francisco.luis@pr.gt.com



Eduardo Carlo
Manager - Tax
eduardo.carlo@pr.gt.com



General information

Deposit requirements (applicable to FICA, federal and Puerto Rico income taxes)

Employers should determine before the beginning of a calendar year whether they will have to deposit employment taxes on a monthly or semiweekly basis for the entire year. The deposit category of an employer for the calendar year, will be determined by the amount of employment taxes reported for a one-year “lookback period” ending the preceding June 30th. For calendar year 2026, the lookback period is the period from July 1, 2024 to June 30, 2025. The key terms under this rule are as follows:

Monthly depositor

An employer that reported employment taxes of \$50,000, or less during the lookback period, generally must make only monthly deposits for the entire calendar year. The monthly deposit is due on or before the 15th day of the following month.

Semiweekly Wednesday/Friday depositor

An employer that reported employment taxes of more than \$50,000, during the lookback period is a semiweekly depositor for the entire year. Such employers must make deposits on or before Wednesday or Friday, depending on the timing of their payrolls. Specifically, employment taxes from payments to employees made on Wednesdays, Thursdays and/or Fridays must be deposited on or before the following Wednesday.

Taxes from Saturday, Sunday, Monday and/ or Tuesday payments to employees must be deposited by the following Friday. If a quarter ends during a semiweekly period, all taxes accumulated in that quarter are subject to one deposit obligation, and those accumulated in the new quarter are subject to a separate deposit obligation. In other words, separate deposit coupons will be required even though both deposits may be due on the same day.

Nonbanking days (Federal deposits only)

Semiweekly depositors will always have at least three banking days to make a deposit. If any of the three weekdays following the close of a semi- weekly period is a bank holiday, the employer will have an additional banking day to make the deposit. For example, if Monday is a bank holiday, deposits from the prior Wednesday through Friday period can be made by the following Thursday, rather than by the regular Wednesday deposit day.

Next day deposit rule

If a monthly or semiweekly depositor accumulates employment taxes of \$100,000, or more during a deposit period (monthly or semiweekly), the taxes must be deposited by the next business day. This rule overrides the normal rules for determining deposit dates discussed above. A monthly depositor who must make a one-day deposit under this rule immediately becomes a semiweekly depositor for the rest of the calendar year and the following calendar year. Employers under the one-day depositor rule must also take into consideration the Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (“EFTPS”) program.

De minimis rule

If an employer’s accumulated taxes for a return period are less than \$2,500, no deposits are required; and the tax can be paid with the return. Remember that if you do not meet the deposit de minimis rule and fail to make the electronic payment, a penalty of 10% will be assessed.

Employers who fail to deposit the full amount of taxes will not be penalized if the shortfall does not exceed the greater of \$100 or 2% of the amount of employment taxes required to be deposited, provided that the shortfall is deposited on or before the prescribed makeup date.

Required participation in EFTPS

EFTPS is an electronic remittance processing system that the IRS uses to accept as an electronically transmitted federal tax deposit. Among others, EFTPS will accept payments in connection with the following tax forms:

- Form 940, Employer’s Annual Federal Unemployment Tax (FUTA) Return;
- Form 941, Employer’s Quarterly Federal Tax Return;
- Form 945, Annual Return of Withheld Federal Income Tax;
- Form 1120, U.S. Corporation Income Tax Return;
- Form 1042, Annual Withholding Tax Return for U.S. Sources of Income of Foreign Persons.

To participate in the EFTPS program, the taxpayer must enroll online through www.eftps.gov.

This enrollment process is used to verify names, taxpayer identification number and to determine the electronic payment method chosen; enrollment must be received and accepted by the IRS prior to making electronic deposits.

You should receive a PIN number in the mail within seven (7) business days after completing your enrollment process.

With this PIN you can log in on www.eftps.gov and create your account. A taxpayer who participates in EFTPS has two electronic payment options:

- (1) **EFTPS Direct:** the IRS debits directly the taxpayer account once notified of the payment amounts.

General information (cont'd)

Deposit requirements (applicable to FICA, federal and Puerto Rico income taxes)

(2)

EFTPS through a financial institution:

the taxpayer requests the financial institution to initiate the transfer of funds to the Treasury's General Account and submit the related tax data, which is supplied by the taxpayer to a financial agent for transmission to the IRS (the taxpayer must verify that the bank provides this service and what fees may be charged).

Effective security requirements for EFTPS access:

To enhance the protection of taxpayer information, the EFTPS now requires users to authenticate their identity using Multi-Factor Authentication. Taxpayers must sign in through a Credential Service Provider, ID.me or Login.go, or use PIV/CAC credentials for federal agency users. This authentication step is mandatory for accessing EFTPS online services.

New rule for individual taxpayers:

Starting October 17, 2025, individuals will no longer be able to create new enrollments on EFTPS.gov. If you are not already enrolled, you must use either the IRS Online Account for Individuals or IRS Direct Pay to make your tax payments. Although existing EFTPS users can continue making payments for now, all individuals will be required to transition off EFTPS later in 2026.

Deposit of taxes by Electronic Funds Transfer

Large employers must use the EFTPS to make deposits of taxes required. EFTPS allows for the transfer of tax deposit amounts electronically from taxpayer accounts to the Treasury's General Account. The following taxes are required to be deposited under the EFTPS deposit requirement: withheld U.S. income tax, FICA taxes, U.S. corporate income and estimated taxes, FUTA payments, U.S. taxes withheld on nonresident aliens and foreign corporations, and U.S. estimated taxes on certain trusts. For deposits made by EFTPS to be on time, you must submit the deposit before 8 pm, Eastern time the day before the due date of the deposit.

Once you meet the requirement to use EFTPS, you are required to continue using the system even if your deposits in future years drop below the threshold amount.

An employer that is required to deposit taxes electronically, but fails to do so is subject to penalties ranging from 2% to 15% based on the amount of the deposit.

Taxpayers requiring further assistance on this system can contact the IRS at (800) 555-4477 or (800) 244-4829 (Spanish language). You can also visit www.eftps.gov.

Important note

Please remember that the due date for the deposits of the Puerto Rico income tax withholding are similar to those applicable to the deposits for Social Security.



Puerto Rico income tax rates on individuals, estates and trusts

Filing requirements

Individual taxpayers (residents and non-residents) are required to file a return when they have gross income unless the tax was fully paid by withholding at source. In addition, individuals whose net taxable income subject to alternate basic tax is \$25,000 or more are also required to file a return.

Personal exemptions

2025 and 2026

Married	\$7,000
Individual taxpayer - married with complete separation of property prenuptial/postnuptial agreement - married not living with spouse	\$3,500
Married filing separately	\$3,500
Exemption for each dependent*	\$2,500
Additional personal exemption for veterans**	\$1,500

*Joint custody or married separately \$1,250

** If both spouses are veterans, \$3,000

Military pension exemption for veterans and retired members of the U.S. Armed Forces

Veterans and retired members of the U.S. Armed Forces residing in Puerto Rico, will be granted full exemption from payment of income tax on the military pension. In order to benefit from this exemption, they must be veterans (as defined by the Act 203-2007) and retired members of the Armed Forces of the United States and be residents of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

Regular tax

For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018, the tax determined will be 95% of the total regular tax and gradual adjustment. Married taxpayers living with spouse and filing a joint return, married taxpayers filing separate, individual taxpayers, estates or trusts. Also, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and for individuals with a gross revenue less than \$100,001, the tax determined will be 92% of the regular and gradual adjustment, instead of 95%.

Tax rate	2025 and 2026	Tax on Base	% in Excess Over Base
\$0 - \$9,000	-	0%	
\$9,001 - \$25,000	-	7%	
\$25,001 - \$41,500	\$1,120	14%	
\$41,501 - \$61,500	\$3,430	25%	
over \$61,500	\$8,430	33%	

Gradual adjustment for individuals

There is a gradual adjustment of the lower tax rates, the personal exemption and exemption for dependents for taxpayers whose net taxable income is over \$500,000.

The tax is increased by five percent (5%) of the excess of \$500,000 limited to \$8,895, plus 33% of the amount of the personal exemption, the additional personal exemption for veterans and the exemption for dependents.

Puerto Rico income tax rates on individuals, estates and trusts (cont'd)

Alternate basic tax (ABT) for individuals

An alternate basic tax in lieu of any other tax will be paid for each taxable year upon the ABT net income of every individual as follows:

Gross income	2025 and 2026 Tax rate
in excess of \$25,000 but not over \$50,000	1%
in excess of \$50,001 but not over \$75,000	3%
in excess of \$75,001 but not over \$150,000	5%
in excess of \$150,001 but not over \$250,000	10%
in excess of \$250,001	24%

Optional tax available for self-employed individuals

At least 80% of the gross income must come from services and reported on an informative. The tax determined must have been paid on the filing date of the income tax return, without considering applicable extensions.

Gross income	2025 and 2026 Tax rate
\$100,000 or less	6%
\$100,001 but not over \$200,000	10%
\$200,001 but not over \$300,000	13%
\$300,001 but not over \$400,000	15%
\$400,001 but not over \$500,000	17%
\$500,001 and over	20%

Limitations are imposed on deductions for regular income as well as ABT on Individuals Net Income, unless the individual submits Agreed Upon Procedures Report with the return. Individuals whose volume of business is less than \$1,000,000 can opt for submitting a due diligence checklist, instead of an Agreed Upon Procedures, sworn by an Accredited Agent- Return Specialist.

Some expenses must be reported on informative returns to be allowed as a deduction for regular tax and ABT purposes. Please refer to pages 53 and 54 for more information.

Puerto Rico income tax rates on individuals, estates and trusts (cont'd)

Quick checklist of deductions for Puerto Rico individual taxpayers

- Mortgage interest (principal residence or second home located in Puerto Rico, limited to 30% of the adjusted gross income (AGI) less distributable share from partnership or corporation of individuals that elects the Optional Tax, up to a maximum of \$35,000), including mortgage interest paid to housing cooperative associations
- casualty loss on principal residence
- Medical expenses not compensated by insurance or in any other form, which exceed 6% of AGI
- Charitable contributions (generally limited to organizations that operate in Puerto Rico, or that provide service to Puerto Rico residents and are authorized by the Secretary, up to 50% of AGI)
- Casualty losses of personal property
- Contributions to IRA (including taxpayer and spouse)
- Educational IRA
- Interest paid on student loans of the taxpayer, spouse or dependents at university level

Are Social Security benefits taxable income?

Social Security benefits received by a bonafide resident of Puerto Rico are not considered taxable income in Puerto Rico. Nevertheless, depending on each case's facts and circumstances, a portion of those benefits may be subject to US federal income taxation.

To determine whether any part of your benefits are taxable for US income tax purposes, compare the base amount applicable to your filing status (\$32,000 for married couples filing jointly and \$25,000 for single taxpayers) with the total of your Social Security benefits plus all your income from other sources including tax exempt interest income and income excluded from Puerto Rico sources not subject to US taxation.

If you are married and file a joint return, you must combine your income and Social Security benefits when figuring the taxable portion, if any, of your benefits.

Capital gain rates applicable in Puerto Rico

Net long term capital gain

Special tax rate

Individuals, estates and trusts	15%
Corporations	20%

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Puerto Rico income tax rates for corporations

Normal tax of 18.5%, plus:

Surtax net income	Tax on lower amount	Surtax rate	In excess of
1 - 75,000	0	5%	-
75,001 - 125,000	3,750	15%	75,000
125,001 - 175,000	11,250	16%	125,000
175,001 - 225,000	19,250	17%	175,000
225,001 - 275,000	27,750	18%	225,000
over 275,000	36,750	19%	275,000

Notes:

- Normal tax is assessed on the “normal tax” net income, which is the total net income of the taxpayer minus the special dividends or partnership profit distributions received deduction
- Surtax net income is the normal tax net income, less the amount of the surtax deduction allocable to it
- A corporation or partnership is allowed a surtax deduction of \$25,000, but if member of a controlled or affiliated group, the surtax deduction is allocable among the group.

Optional tax available for corporations rendering services

At least 80% of the gross income comes from services. The tax determined must have been covered either through withholdings at source or estimated tax payments.

2025 and 2026

Tax rate

Gross income	Tax rate
\$100,000 or less	6%
\$100,001 but not over \$200,000	10%
\$200,001 but not over \$300,000	13%
\$300,001 but not over \$400,000	15%
\$400,001 but not over \$500,000	17%
\$500,001 and over	20%

For taxable year 2025 in the case of partnerships, the optional tax may be paid on the due date of the income tax return, without considering extensions.

Summary of the requirements to submit audited financial statements (AFS) or Agreed Upon Procedures (AUP) in Puerto Rico for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019

Income Tax

Volume of Business: Less than \$1,000,000

No AFS required. Voluntary submission of AUP CL 19-14 or AFS, to avoid limitations for ABT or AMT purposes. AUP CL 20-39 could be used instead of AUP CL 19-14.

Volume of Business: Equal or greater than \$1,000,000 but less than \$3,000,000

No AFS required. Voluntary submission of AUP CL 19-14 or AFS, to avoid limitations for ABT or AMT purposes. Voluntary submission of AFS or AUP CL 20-39 to obtain full or partial waiver on withholding for services rendered (Section 1062.03). AUP CL 20-39 could be used instead of AUP CL 19-14.

Volume of Business: Equal or greater than \$3,000,000 but less than \$10,000,000

Option to submit AFS or AUP CL 20-39.

Volume of Business: Equal or greater than \$10,000,000

AFS required.

Related Entities:

Aggregated Volume of Business: Equal or greater than \$10,000,000 (related entities and persons)

Members - less than \$3,000,000, no AFS required. Voluntary submission of AUP CL 19-14 or AFS, to avoid limitations for ABT or AMT purposes. AUP 20-39 required unless AFS are submitted. Voluntary submission of AFS or AUP CL 20-39 to obtain full or partial waiver on withholding for services rendered (Section 1062.03). Members - equal or greater than \$3,000,000, stand- alone AFS requires listing in the notes all related entities engaged in trade or business in Puerto Rico.

Volume of Business Declaration / Income Tax Personal Property Tax

AFS required when volume is equal or greater than \$10,000,000. Related entities need to aggregate volume of business. Volume of Business: Equal or greater than \$3,000,000 but less than \$10,000,000 – AFS or AUP CL 20-39.

Annual Report (Requirement applied only before 2025; eliminated by Act 65-2025)

Audited Balance Sheet required when volume is equal or greater than \$10,000,000. Related Entities need to aggregate volume of business, if the group's volume is equal or greater than \$10,000,000 and individually an entity's volume of business is equal or greater than \$3,000,000 an Audited Balance Sheet will be required.

- Beginning with tax year 2025, neither domestic nor foreign corporations in Puerto Rico are required to file the Annual Report, pursuant to Act 65-2025. However, all must still pay the annual fee under Article 17.01.

Notes:

- CL 19-14- Puerto Rico Treasury Department Circular Letter, issued on September 12, 2019.
- CL 20-39- Puerto Rico Treasury Department Circular Letter, issued on December 18, 2020.

Whenever an AFS is submitted, Supplementary Information is required until 2022. For fiscal years started after December 31, 2022, the supplementary information will only be required to certain hospitals, construction companies, and financial institutions. Disregarded Entities will not be required to file AFS with their income tax returns, but their volume of business will be attributed to the owner for purposes of determining whether the owner is required to submit AFS with the income tax return.

Act 65-2025 leaves the option for controlled groups to have the Secretary of Hacienda authorize the filing of individual audited financial statements, provided the notes disclose all group members' filing obligations and business volume. It also eliminates the prior requirement for group members to submit audited financial statements when an individual member's volume of business reached \$1 million and the group's aggregate volume reached \$3 million, or to submit an AUP report when the member's volume was below \$1 million.

Puerto Rico withholding taxes on payments to non-residents

Non-resident corporations

Dividends from corporations	10%
Royalties	29% ⁽¹⁾
On payments for sale of real property located in Puerto Rico	29%
Interest:	
▪ non related persons	0%
▪ related persons	29%
General	
All other fixed or determinable annual or periodical gains, profits and income	29%
Share of income from special partnerships	29%
Partnerships and LLCs with partnership election	30% ⁽²⁾

Tax rates for individuals

Interest from deposits in banking institutions in Puerto Rico	10% ⁽³⁾
Interest on IRA accounts	17%
Dividends:	
▪ derived from rental of buildings in historic zones	15% ⁽⁴⁾
▪ derived from bona fide farming	15% ⁽⁴⁾
▪ all other dividends from domestic corporations	15% ⁽⁴⁾
Capital assets income transactions	15% ⁽⁵⁾

Non-resident U.S. citizens

General	20%
Dividends from corporations and regular partnerships	15%
Share of income from:	
▪ special partnerships	30%
▪ subchapter N corporations	30% ⁽²⁾
▪ partnerships and LLCs with partnership election	30% ⁽²⁾
Interest from related and non-related persons	0%
On payments for sale of real property located in Puerto Rico	15%

Non-resident aliens

General	29%
Dividends from corporations	15%
Share of income from:	
▪ special partnerships	29%
▪ subchapter N corporations	33%
-partnerships and LLCs with partnership election	30% ⁽²⁾
Interest:	
▪ non-related persons	0%
▪ related persons	29%
On payments for sale of real property located in Puerto Rico	25%

Notes:

- (1) Lower rates may apply depending on tax status of person making the payment.
- (2) The entity shall be exempt from determining and remitting the required withholding if the partner or stockholder has losses or tax credits that satisfy any income tax on his/her distributable share. In this case, the partner or stockholder shall submit a sworn statement to the entity.
- (3) The special 10% tax must be elected on or before April 15 of any year or at the time the qualifying account is opened. The authorized banking institution will deduct and withhold the tax, on the amount paid or credited in excess of \$25 per quarter.
- (4) The applicable special tax must be withheld by the payer from the amount of the distribution and deposited or remitted to the Secretary of the Treasury by electronic means.
- (5) The taxpayer may opt to include the income as part of his gross income on the income tax return for the year in which the income is recognized and pay at normal tax rates.

Puerto Rico tax incentives and application process

The Government of Puerto Rico enacted Act No. 60, of 2019 as amended, known as the Puerto Rico Incentives Code (“Act 60”), consolidating the different tax incentives granted by the Government of Puerto Rico as of said date within separate laws, and adopted a legal and administrative framework for the application, evaluation, and approval or denial of incentives. In general terms, to enjoy the incentives a business must e-file an application with the Office of Incentives for Businesses in Puerto Rico (“Office of Incentives”) within the Puerto Rico Department of Economic Development and Commerce (“DEDC”); upon review and approval, the DEDC will issue a Grant of Tax Exemption (“Grant”) for the business’ unconditional acceptance.

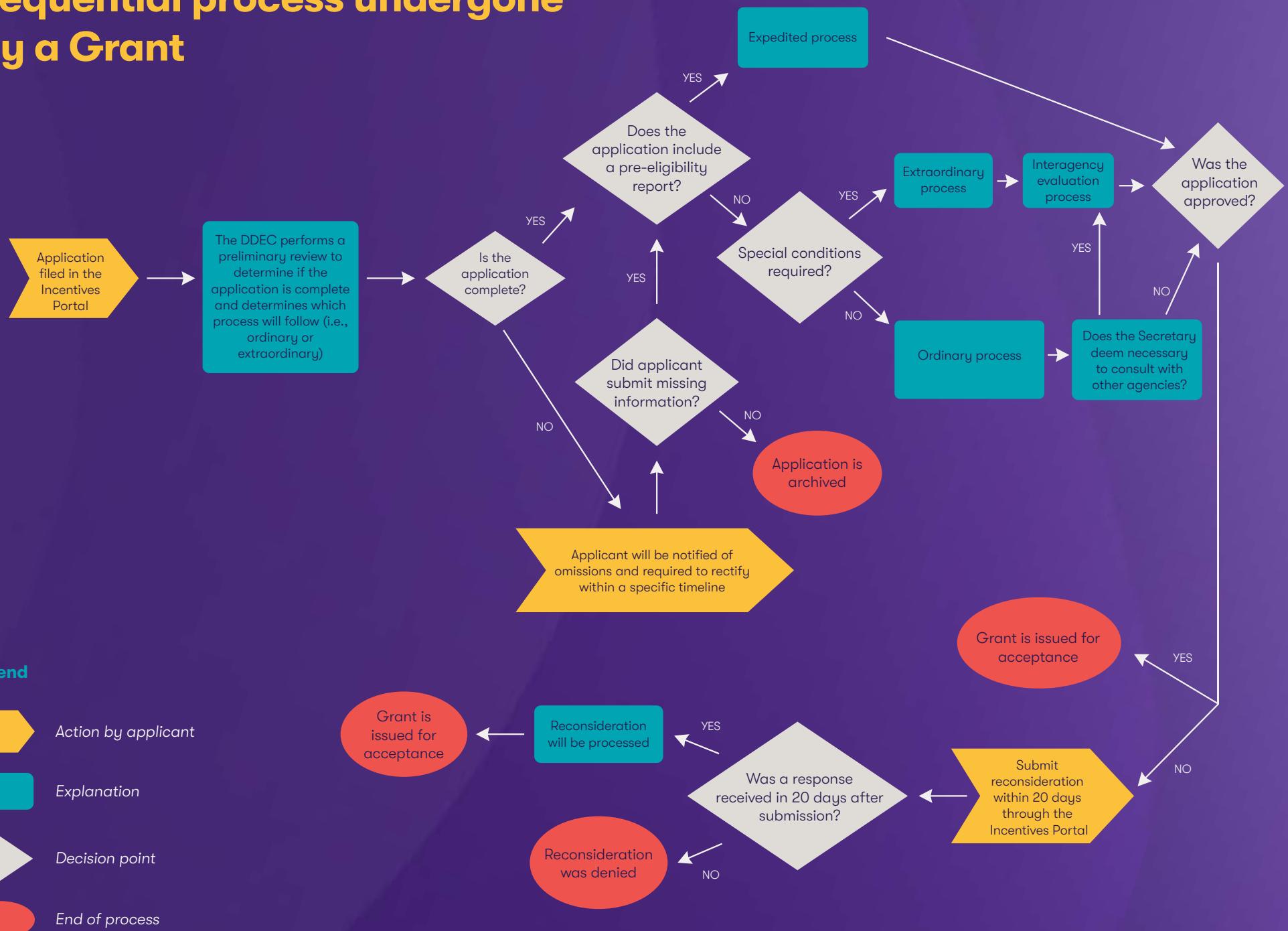
Pursuant to Section 6020.01 of Act 60, there are 3 alternative processes for e-filing a Grant application:

- **ordinary** – consists of applications filed, evaluated, and granted using standardized formats since they are not subject to special conditions or requests. They follow this streamlined process, as they do not have minimal levels of investment, jobs or other conditions beyond those established in Act 60 or its regulations.
- **extraordinary** – consists of applications that require special language or clauses that will entail negotiations with the Office of Incentives. These applications may require minimal investment, jobs, or other conditions that are not relevant to all applicants. Furthermore, the process also requires an interagency procedure under which the applicable government agency or Municipality will receive a copy of the draft Grant and may issue comments for consideration by the Office of Incentives.
- **expedited** – consists of ordinary applications that are expedited because they are accompanied by a pre-eligibility report prepared by a Certified Professional. A Certified Professional is defined as an attorney admitted to the practice of law in Puerto Rico by the Supreme Court of Puerto Rico, or a Certified Public Accountant (CPA) duly licensed to practice the profession in Puerto Rico. Both licensed professionals must be in the Registry of Certified Professionals maintained by the DEDC.

The flowchart presented herein illustrates the sequential process undergone by a Grant application requested under Act 60. The flowchart intends to walk you through the application process initiated by submitting said Grant application through the digital platform of the Office of Incentives (known as the Incentives Portal) and concluding with its approval or denial.



Sequential process undergone by a Grant



Legend

Action by applicant

Explanation

Decision point

End of process

Tax incentives under Act 60

Incentivized industries or activities	Exemption period	Tax benefits				
		Income tax	Property tax	Municipal taxes	Excise and sales and use taxes	Tax credits
New small and medium sized businesses (SMBs) Special benefits for Act 60 grantees that comply with certain additional conditions (must be requested)	Tied to the exemption period of the approved Grant	Year 1-5: 2% tax on eligible income Year 6-expiration: 4% tax on eligible income	Year 1-5: 100% exemption Year 6-expiration: 75% exemption	Year 1-5: 100% exemption Year 6-expiration: 50% exemption	Tied to the benefits included in the approved Grant	Tied to the benefits included in the approved Grant
Businesses operating in Vieques or Culebra Special benefits for Act 60 grantees that operate in Vieques or Culebra	Tied to the exemption period of the approved Grant	Year 1-5: 2% tax on eligible income Year 6-expiration: 4% tax on eligible income	Year 1-5: 100% exemption Year 6-expiration: 75% exemption	Year 1-5: 100% exemption Year 6-expiration: 50% exemption	Tied to the benefits included in the approved Grant	Tied to the benefits included in the approved Grant
Resident individual investors	Sunset on the exemption period is December 31, 2035	No tax on interest and dividend income, and certain long-term capital gains	No benefits available	No benefits available	No benefits available	No credit available
Hard-to-recruit professionals Must be an employee of a business with a Grant	15 years, subject to employment status with the business with a Grant	No tax on salaries and wages received in excess of \$100,000	No benefits available	No benefits available	No benefits available	No credit available
Researchers or scientists Must be an employee of any Higher Education Institution authorized to operate in Puerto Rico	15 years, subject to employment status with the Higher Education Institution	No tax on compensation up to \$195,000 or \$250,000 depending on the services rendered	No benefits available	No benefits available	No benefits available	No credit available
Export of goods and services	Original 15 years Extension: 15 years (total 30 years)	4% tax on eligible income 12% tax on royalty payments No tax on dividends	75% exemption	50% exemption	No benefits available	Eligible for tax credits related to R&D activities, and for the purchase of products manufactured in Puerto Rico
International financial entities (IFEs)	Original 15 years Extension: 15 years (total 30 years)	4% tax on eligible income 6% tax on dividends paid to a domestic shareholder No tax on dividends paid to foreign shareholders	75% exemption	50% exemption	No benefits available	Eligible for tax credits related to R&D activities, and for the purchase of products manufactured in Puerto Rico

Tax incentives under Act 60 (cont'd)

Incentivized industries or activities	Exemption period	Tax benefits				
		Income tax	Property tax	Municipal taxes	Excise and sales and use taxes	Tax credits
International insurers	Original 15 years Extension: 15 years (total 30 years)	4% tax on eligible income in excess of \$1.2M No tax on dividends	75% exemption	50% exemption	No benefits available	Eligible for tax credits related to R&D activities, and for the purchase of products manufactured in Puerto Rico
Private equity funds	Original 15 years Extension: 15 years (total 30 years)	Accredited investors: 10% tax on interest and dividend income 5% tax on the sale of ownership interest No tax on capital gains Other rates apply to general partners and investment advisors	75% exemption	100% exemption	No benefits available	Eligible for tax credits related to R&D activities, and for the purchase of products manufactured in Puerto Rico
Visitor's economy (tourism)	Original 15 years Extension: 15 years (total 30 years)	4% tax on eligible income No tax on dividends	75% exemption	50% exemption 75% exemption construction taxes	100% exemption on the purchase of certain items to be used in the tourism operations	Eligible for tax credits related to investment in tourism activities, R&D activities, and for the purchase of products manufactured in Puerto Rico
Manufacturing	Original 15 years Extension: 15 years (total 30 years)	4% tax on eligible income 12% tax on royalty payments No tax on dividends Special deductions available	75% exemption	50% exemption 100% on construction taxes	100% exemption on the purchase of certain items to be used in the manufacturing operations	Eligible for tax credits related to R&D activities, and for the purchase of products manufactured in Puerto Rico
Renewable energy	Original 15 years Extension: 15 years (total 30 years)	4% tax on eligible income 12% tax on royalty payments No tax on dividends Special deductions available	75% exemption	50% exemption 75% on construction taxes	100% exemption on the purchase of certain items to be used in the renewable energy operations	Eligible for tax credits related to R&D activities, and for the purchase of products manufactured in Puerto Rico
Infrastructure	Ranges from 5 years to 15 years, depending on the infrastructure project	4% tax on eligible income 12% tax on royalty payments No tax on dividends	100% exemption	90% exemption 75% on construction taxes	No benefits available	Eligible for tax credits related to R&D activities, and for the purchase of products manufactured in Puerto Rico

Tax incentives under Act 60 (cont'd)

Incentivized industries or activities	Exemption period	Tax benefits				
		Income tax	Property tax	Municipal taxes	Excise and sales and use taxes	Tax credits
Agroindustries	Original 15 years Extension: 15 years (total 30 years)	90% exemption Taxed on dividends	100% exemption	100% exemption	100% exemption on the purchase of certain items to be used in the agriculture operations	Eligible for tax credits related to R&D activities, and for the purchase of products manufactured in Puerto Rico
Film and creative industries	Film project: Duration of the project Studio operators: 15 years	4% tax on eligible income Special deductions available	75% exemption	100% exemption 75% on construction taxes	100% exemption on the purchase of certain items to be used in the operations	Eligible for tax credits related to creative industries, R&D activities, and for the purchase of products manufactured in Puerto Rico
Young entrepreneurs	3 years	No tax on the first \$500,000 of net income	100% exemption	100% exemption	No benefits available	Eligible for tax credits related to R&D activities, and for the purchase of products manufactured in Puerto Rico
Ocean freight carriers	Original 15 years Extension: 15 years (total 30 years)	100% exemption	100% exemption	100% exemption	No benefits available	Eligible for tax credits related to R&D activities, and for the purchase of products manufactured in Puerto Rico
Air carriers	Original 15 years Extension: 15 years (total 30 years)	100% exemption	100% exemption	50% exemption Special rules may apply to passenger air carriers	No benefits available	Eligible for tax credits related to R&D activities, and for the purchase of products manufactured in Puerto Rico
Priority Projects in opportunity zones	Original 15 years Extension: 15 years (total 30 years)	18.5% tax on eligible income and royalty payments No tax on dividends	25% exemption which may be increased up to 75% by municipal ordinance	25% exemption which may be increased up to 75% by municipal ordinance	No benefits available	Eligible for tax credits related to investment in the Priority Project, R&D activities, and for the purchase of products manufactured in Puerto Rico

Disclaimer: The information provided herein is presented pursuant to Act 60 as of November 30, 2025. These tax benefits may be applied differently based on interpretation by the relevant government agency, instrumentality or municipality. Businesses with Grants issued under prior incentives laws should refer to their approved Grant, said prior law or applicable regulations for more details.

U.S. individuals income tax rates for taxable year 2025

Married Individuals Filing Separate Returns

	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
	Not over \$11,925	10% of the taxable income
	Over \$11,925 but not over \$48,475	\$1,192.50 plus 12% of the excess over \$11,925
	Over \$48,475 but not over \$103,350	\$5,578.50 plus 22% of the excess over \$48,475
	Over \$103,350 but not over \$197,300	\$17,651 plus 24% of the excess over \$103,350
	Over \$197,300 but not over \$250,525	\$40,199 plus 32% of the excess over \$197,300
	Over \$250,525 but not over \$375,800	\$57,231 plus 35% of the excess over \$250,525
	Over \$375,800	\$101,077.25 plus 37% of the excess over \$375,800

Unmarried individual (other than surviving spouse and head of household)

	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
	Not over \$11,925	10% of the taxable income
	Over \$11,925 but not over \$48,475	\$1,192.50 plus 12% of the excess over \$11,925
	Over \$48,475 but not over \$103,350	\$5,578.50 plus 22% of the excess over \$48,475
	Over \$103,350 but not over \$197,300	\$17,651 plus 24% of the excess over \$103,350
	Over \$197,300 but not over \$250,525	\$40,199 plus 32% of the excess over \$197,300
	Over \$250,525 but not over \$626,350	\$57,231 plus 35% of the excess over \$250,525
	Over \$626,350	\$188,769.75 plus 37% of the excess over \$626,350

Married filing jointly and surviving spouse

	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
	Not over \$23,850	10% of the taxable income
	Over \$23,850 but not over \$96,950	\$2,385 plus 12% of the excess over \$23,850
	Over \$96,950 but not over \$206,700	\$11,157 plus 22% of the excess over \$96,950
	Over \$206,700 but not over \$394,600	\$35,302 plus 24% of the excess over \$206,700
	Over \$394,600 but not over \$501,050	\$80,398 plus 32% of the excess over \$394,600
	Over \$501,050 but not over \$751,600	\$114,462 plus 35% of the excess over \$501,050
	Over \$751,600	\$202,154.50 plus 37% of the excess over \$751,600

Head of household

	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
	Not over \$17,000	10% of the taxable income
	Over \$17,000 but not over \$64,850	\$1,700 plus 12% of the excess over \$17,000
	Over \$64,850 but not over \$103,350	\$7,442 plus 22% of the excess over \$64,850
	Over \$103,350 but not over \$197,300	\$15,912 plus 24% of the excess over \$103,350
	Over \$197,300 but not over \$250,500	\$38,460 plus 32% of the excess over \$197,300
	Over \$250,500 but not over \$626,350	\$55,484 plus 35% of the excess over \$250,500
	Over \$626,350	\$187,031.50 plus 37% of the excess over \$626,350

Taxable year 2025

U.S. individuals standard deduction

Filing status:	Standard deduction amount ⁽¹⁾
Married Individuals Filing Separate Returns	\$15,000
Married filing joint and surviving spouses	\$30,000
Unmarried individual (other than surviving spouse and head of household)	\$15,000
Head of household	\$22,500

U.S. estates and trusts income tax rates

If taxable income is:	The tax is:
Not over \$3,150	10% of the taxable income
Over \$3,150 but not over \$11,450	\$315 plus 24% of the excess over \$3,150
Over \$11,450 but not over \$15,650	\$2,307 plus 35% of the excess over \$11,450
Over \$15,650	\$3,777 plus 37% of the excess over \$15,650

U.S. corporations income tax rate

Applicable to U.S. corporations and income effectively connected with a US trade or business of a foreign corporation. Flat rate is 21%.

(1) The additional standard deduction amount for the aged or the blind is \$1,600. The additional standard deduction amount increases to \$2,000 for unmarried taxpayers.



Christmas bonus law

Employees contracted before January 26, 2017

Every employee having worked at least 700 hours in the twelve-month period from October 1 to September 30 of the subsequent natural year, or 100 hours worked by a dock or pier employee is entitled to receive a mandatory Christmas Bonus. The bonus is 6% of the employee's wages up to a maximum individual employee wage of \$10,000. Accordingly, the maximum payable bonus will be \$600. This bonus must be paid from November 15 through December 15.

In the case of those employers with 15 or less employees the applicable rate is 3% of the employee's wages up to a maximum individual employee wage of \$10,000. Accordingly, the maximum payable bonus will be \$300.

Employees contracted on or after January 26, 2017

Every employee that worked at least 1,350 hours in twelve-month period from October 1 until September 30 are entitled to receive the mandatory Christmas Bonus. In case, that the employer employs 21 or more employees for 26 weeks within the coverage period, it will be required to pay to each employee a bonus equal to 2% of the total salary earned up to a maximum bonus of \$600. In case of those employers with 20 or less employees the applicable rate is 2% up to a maximum bonus of \$300.

During the first year of employment, the applicable bonus for any employee will be the 50% of the above provisions. If the Christmas bonus does not exceed \$600, the employer will not withhold taxes from the bonus paid.

When the Christmas bonus exceeds \$600, but does not exceed \$1,500, the employer must withhold a 7% tax from the total bonus. If the Christmas bonus law bonus exceeds \$1,500, the employer may use the applicable withholding rules established on the "Employer's Guide."

Nevertheless, the total amount to be paid will not exceed 15% of the annual profits of the employer generated during the same twelve-month period used to determine the eligible employees.

The following employments are excluded from the Christmas Bonus Act provisions: farm activities, household duties, domestic service in private residences, charitable nonprofit institutions and the government. If an employer will not pay the bonus because of operating losses, then he must notify the Secretary of Labor and Human

Resources not later than November 30, accompanying financial statements for the period from October 1 thru September 30, attested by a CPA. If the employer fails to submit the data to support nonpayment of the bonus, he becomes liable for the payment of the full bonus. If the employer does not pay the bonus when due, the employee will be entitled to receive an additional bonus. It can be 50% or 100% of the amount of the bonus, depending on the date paid.

Employers are required to advise terminated employees who are entitled to the bonus before payment due date and may request his/her mailing address to mail the bonus.

Uncollected bonuses must be deposited with the Bureau of Labor Standards of the Department of Labor and Human Resources. The deposit must be made no later than fifteen (15) days after the bonus payment date.

Household employees (Nanny Tax)

An employer must withhold and pay FICA taxes on wages of their household employees, if cash wages paid or an equivalent form or compensation in the calendar year are \$2,800 or more.

Employers must report and pay the required employment taxes on Schedule H of Form 1040 or 1040A (U.S. Individual Income Tax Return). Employers need an employer identification number .

This may be obtained by completing Form SS-4 "Application for Employer Identification Number."

Employers must increase their quarterly estimated tax payments to satisfy employment tax obligations with respect to household employees.

Payroll tax information

Taxes	Limit	Employee's responsibility	Employee's responsibility	Form	Filing	Due date	Date of payment (Form)
Social Security						Last day of the following month after the quarter ends.	
2026	\$184,500	6.20%	6.20%	941-PR	Quarterly	Last day of the following month after the quarter ends.	See pages 30 - 31
2025	\$176,100	6.20%	6.20%	941-PR	Quarterly	Last day of the following month after the quarter ends.	See pages 30 - 31
Medicare	N/A	1.45%	1.45%	941-PR	Quarterly	Last day of the following month after the quarter ends.	See pages 30 - 31
Additional Medicare	Depends on filing status	0.9%		941-PR	Quarterly	Last day of the following month after the quarter ends.	See pages 30 - 31
Disability Benefits Act	\$9,000	0.30%	0.30%	PR-SD-10	Quarterly (with payment)	Last day of the following month after the quarter ends.	Last day of the following month after the quarter ends.
Puerto Rico Unemployment Insurance tax	\$7,000	N/A	1.0% to 4.4% Regular Tax 1.00% Special Tax (total tax up to 5.4%)	PR-UI-10	Quarterly (with payment)	Last day of the following month after the quarter ends.	Last day of the following month after the quarter ends. Form PR-UI-10
Federal Unemployment tax	\$7,000	N/A	60%	EFTPS 940-PR	Quarterly (deposit) Annual	Last day of the following month after the quarter ends, January 31 after the calendar year ends.	Last day of the following month after the quarter ends.
Chau eur's Social Security	N/A	\$0.50 Weekly	\$0.30 Weekly	TSCH-1	Quarterly (with payment)	The 15th day of the following month after the quarter ends.	The 15th day of the following month after the quarter ends.
Workmen's Compensation Insurance Fund	N/A	N/A	Applicable rate premium type	CFSE 693/ CFSE 02-140	Annually	July 22	Make payments on the dates notified by administrator. https://www.cfse.pr.gov/

Electronic filing requirements for Puerto Rico employers

The Puerto Rico Department of the Treasury requires employers to file the Employers' Quarterly Return of Income Tax Withheld (Form 499 R-1B), using a free application provided by the Puerto Rico Treasury Department under "SURI" link. The Puerto Rico Treasury Department does not accept forms submitted on compact discs (CDs), paper or any other media other than the electronic transfer. The Puerto Rico Department of Labor requires every employer to file electronically the quarterly payroll tax forms. The Puerto Rico Labor Department also requires the electronic filing of the quarterly return for

Chauffeur's Social Security. In addition, the Puerto Rico Department of the Treasury requires that all Puerto Rico Withholding Statements and Informative Returns, be filed electronically.

Employer identification number by phone or online

The IRS allows taxpayers to apply for an employer identification number (EIN) by phone or online. The person making the call should be someone who is authorized to sign Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number. This includes the president, vice-president, or other principal officer of the

corporation. In case of an unincorporated business, it includes the sole proprietor or general partner.

Form SS-4 should be completed prior to calling the IRS. The completed and signed form must be faxed or mailed to the IRS within 24 hours after the call to the IRS address provided by the IRS representative.

The online application may be obtained through the IRS website at <https://sa.irs.gov/applyein/>

Informative returns reporting requirements

Services rendered in Puerto Rico by a Puerto Rico Registered Merchant

**Deductible expenses for income tax purposes,
only if they were reported on Withholding
Statements or Informative Declarations**

**Informative
Form**

Notes - Informative Forms

Services rendered in Puerto Rico	480.6SP	If services were rendered in Puerto Rico by Puerto Rico merchants (withholding rate is 10% unless merchant has a waiver, which can be a total or partial waiver). You have to request copy of waiver in order to file the informative with the reduced rate or no rate. Also, you should request copy of the Merchant Registration Certificate as evidence that is a PR merchant. Some services are not subject to withholding. Note : Reimbursed expenses should be presented separately, and are reported separately on "Reimbursed Expenses" Box.
Subcontracted services	480.6SP	If services were rendered in Puerto Rico by Puerto Rico merchants (withholding rate is 10% unless merchant has a waiver, which can be a total or partial waiver). You have to request copy of waiver in order to file the informative with the reduced rate or no rate. Also, you should request copy of the Merchant Registration Certificate as evidence that is a PR merchant. Some services are not subject to withholding. Note : Reimbursed expenses should be presented separately, and are reported separately on "Reimbursed Expenses" Box.
Leases and rent paid	480.6A	If personal property was leased from a Puerto Rico merchant to be used in Puerto Rico (not subject to withholding - line 1);
Insurance premiums (except to health or accident plans)	480.7E	Payments related to insurance premiums excluding health and accident plans - line 1. Prepare if you don't receive 480.7F from the provider.
Telecommunication services	480.7E	Payments related to telecommunication service - line 2. Prepare if you don't receive 480.7F from the provider.
Internet and cable or satellite television services	480.7E	Payments related to internet and cable/satellite service - line 4. Prepare if you don't receive 480.7F from the provider.
Bundle services	480.7E	Payments related to a set of services or bundles whose value cannot be segregated - line 5. Prepare if you don't receive 480.7F from the provider.
Advertising	480.7E	Payments related to advertising and marketing service - line 3. Prepare if you don't receive 480.7F from the provider.
Bank Charges	480.7E	Payments related to bank charges - line 6. Prepare if you don't receive 480.7F from the provider.
Royalties	480.6A	Payments related to the use of intangible assets such as patents, copyrights, goodwill, franchises, licenses or other property of similar nature - line 8.
Payment for virtual technology tools and other subscriptions	480.6A	Payments related to licenses and subscriptions for the use of programs, platforms, applications and information systems, among others, including the amount paid for subscriptions that allow access to wholesale establishments (membership clubs) and electronic or printed publications used in the operation of your industry or business - line 9.

Informative returns reporting requirements (cont'd)

Services rendered in Puerto Rico by a Puerto Rico Registered Merchant

Deductible expenses for income tax purposes, only if they were reported on Withholding Statements or Informative Declarations

	Informative Form	Notes - Informative Forms
Professional associations fees and dues paid for the benefit of employees	480.6A	Amount paid to professional associations for tuition fees for the benefit of the taxpayer or its employees - Line 10
Homeowners' association fees paid	480.6A	Amount paid to homeowners' associations for maintenance fees with respect to the facilities used in your business. - line 11.
Payments for judicial or extrajudicial indemnification	480.6SP	<p>480.6B - reporting of payments and withholding for indemnification under a Court judgement or under an extrajudicial claim - line 1. Do not include compensation or indemnification paid to an employee due to dismissal, without it being necessary to determine its just cause, this will be reported on the W-2.</p> <p>480.6SP - any portion related to payment for legal fees that are paid directly to the lawyer, must be reported in Form 480.6SP, subject to the corresponding withholding.</p>
Certain other expenses - Ex: Continued education services for the benefit of your employees who provide designated professional services.		Amounts paid for continued education services for the benefit of your employees are reported on lines 1 or 2 and are exempted from withholding under Code K.

Services rendered in Puerto Rico by Non-resident

Services rendered in Puerto Rico	480.6C	If services were rendered in Puerto Rico by a non-resident merchant (subject to non-resident withholding rates of: 1) 20% if it's an individual US Citizen - line 2, or 2) 29% if it's an individual non-resident alien, foreign corporations and partnerships - line 2.
Royalties	480.6C	Report payments to non-residents and withholding at source on line 8 and if the payment is subject to special rate under incentives act, then on line 9.
Leases and rent paid	480.6C	If personal property was leased from a non-resident merchant to be used in Puerto Rico (subject to non-resident withholding rate of 29% - line 11).

Services rendered in Puerto Rico by Non-resident

Services rendered outside of Puerto Rico	480.6C	If services were rendered outside Puerto Rico, these are not subject to withholding - line 14.
Other payments not subject to withholding	480.6C	Other payments that were not subject to withholding at source made to a non-resident person during the year - line 15.

Tax returns and forms for the Sales and Use Tax⁽¹⁾

Type of return/form	Form number	File by	Due date	File through	Signature	Notarized	Expires
Sales and Use Tax and Tax on Imports Monthly Return: • Basic SUT • 4% special SUT • Exempt sales • Reduced on prepared foods • Marketplace sales	AS 2915.1	Merchant - Seller ⁽²⁾ or Rendering services to other merchants and designated professional services ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	20th day of the month following the month in which the transaction occurred.	SURI	Corporate Officer or Authorized Agent	N/A	N/A
Declaration of Imports - non-bonded importer	AS 2970.1	Merchant - Non-bonded importer	Maritime - Declaration must be filed and paid in order to take possession of the imported property (PRTD release authorization needed) Air Carrier - Declaration must be filed and tax paid on or before the 20th day of the month following the month of the import even though the merchant already has possession of the tangible property.	SURI	Corporate Officer or Authorized Agent	N/A	N/A
Declaration of Imports-bonded importer	AS 2970.1	Merchant - Bonded Importer	Maritime - Declaration must be filed. However, the payment of the tax is deferred to the 20th day of the month following the month of introduction. Air Carrier - Declaration must be filed and tax paid on or before the 20th day of the month following the month of the import even though the merchant already has possession of the tangible property.	SURI	Corporate Officer or Authorized Agent	N/A	N/A
Application for Merchant's Registration Certificate	N/A	All Merchants - Sellers with nexus.	30 days before commencement of operations.	SURI ⁽⁵⁾	Merchant or Authorized Agent	N/A	2 years
Provisional Merchant's Registration Certificate	N/A	Future merchants that will not start formal commercial operations for a period of not less than 30 days.	N/A	SURI ⁽⁵⁾	Merchant or Authorized Agent	N/A	Up to 6 months

(1) Keep records and documents for all these returns and forms for a period of ten (10) years.

(2) Also, merchants considered Marketplace Facilitators.

(3) Also, merchants that receive services from a merchant that is non-resident of Puerto Rico.

(4) Service providers who are considered non-withholding agents will not be required to collect tax or file monthly SUT returns.

(5) Merchants are still required to register in the Fiscal Terminals Program (previously known as SUT Monitoring Program & IVU Loto).

Tax returns and forms for the Sales and Use Tax⁽¹⁾

Type of return/form	Form number	File by	Due date	File through	Signature	Notarized	Expires
Certificate for Exempt Purchases and services subject to the 4% special SUT	AS 2916.1	N/A - seller or service provider should keep records for six years.	N/A	To be provided by purchaser to seller at the moment of each purchase.	Purchaser	N/A	N/A
Application for Exemption Certificate for manufacturing plants	N/A	Merchant (Manufacturing Plant)	N/A	SURI	Corporate Officer or Authorized Agent	N/A	3 years
Application for Reseller Certificate and Municipal SUT Exemption Certificate ⁽⁶⁾	N/A	Merchant	Effective for sales after August 15, 2013.	SURI	Merchant or Authorized Agent	N/A	1 year
Application for Eligible Reseller Certificate	N/A	Merchant	Effective for sales after August 15, 2013.	SURI	Merchant or Authorized Agent	Yes	1 year
Certificate of Authorized Business - Prepared Foods Reduced Rate ⁽⁷⁾	SC 2995	Automatic if in compliance by due date or Merchant.	September 30.	SURI	Merchant or Authorized Agent	N/A	1 year

Reduced rate on prepared foods

Act 257-2018 established a reduced SUT rate of 7% commencing on October 1, 2019, applicable to restaurants selling taxable items that are considered “prepared foods”, “carbonated beverages”, “confectionary products” and “candies”. This reduced SUT rate does not apply to alcoholic beverages”.

According to AD 19-03, merchants who meet all the following requirements will be eligible to obtain authorization to collect and remit the reduced SUT rate of 7%:

1. the Merchant Registration Certificate must show at least one of the following NAICS Code: 72231, 72232, 72233, 72241 or 72251;

2. must be in compliance with the filing of all SUT returns;

3. must not have any tax debts; and
4. must maintain a fiscal terminal in each point of sales even if the annual volume of business does not exceed \$125,000.

Taxpayers in the Construction Industry

Act 40 of April 16, 2020 amended Section 4041.01 of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code to establish that effective for taxable events taking place after June 30, 2020, merchants engaged in the construction industry may use the cash basis method of accounting for Sales and Use Tax purposes on commercial, industrial or residential building projects.

The Puerto Rico Treasury determined that any merchant whose Merchant Registration Certificate includes one or more of the North American Industry Classification System

(“NAICS”) codes indicated in Administrative Determination 20-19, will be considered a merchant dedicated to the construction industry in construction projects and will be allowed to choose the cash basis method of accounting when remitting the SUT as of July 1, 2020.

As an additional requirement, at least eighty (80) percent of the gross income derived during the three (3) taxable years prior to the date of election of change in method, constitutes income related to an eligible NAICS code. The change must be made through the Unified System of Internal Revenue (“SURI” by its Spanish acronym) after June 30, 2020 but before the monthly SUT filing corresponding to the month for which the change will be effective. A ruling from the PRTD will not be required to complete the change.

(6) This certificate is required for resale to claim a credit for the SUT paid on the purchase of taxable items for resale. Also, provides an exemption from the 1% municipal SUT on items acquired for resale.

(7) This certificate must be placed on a visible area, on the business front door. This certificate does not replace the Merchant's Registration Certificate.

Tax returns and forms for the Sales and Use Tax⁽¹⁾

Marketplace Facilitators and Marketplace Sellers in Puerto Rico

Act 40-2020 introduced two new categories of merchants to the SUT parlance:

1. Marketplace Facilitator – is defined as any person that facilitates the sale of tangible personal property, including specific digital products, admission rights, or taxable services through a market in a way that can include a store, counter, catalog, internet site, etc. Effective January 1, 2021, a Marketplace Facilitator is required to collect the SUT on all transactions made in its market, independently of whether the sale is a direct sale of the Marketplace Facilitator or is a sale made by another person (Marketplace Seller) through such Market Facilitator. Therefore, the Marketplace Facilitator will be considered a withholding agent for SUT purposes.

2. Marketplace Seller – is a seller that makes retail sales through any physical or electronic market, operated or controlled by a Marketplace Facilitator. A Marketplace Seller can be a registered merchant in Puerto Rico or a person that is not registered as a merchant in Puerto Rico.

Section 4020.08 of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011 provides that any transaction that constitutes a mail order sale will be subject to the collection of SUT. For this purpose, the thresholds established by the Puerto Rico Treasury Department in its latest SUT Regulation (#9237) are a volume of business over \$100,000 or if it carries out at least 200 transactions with Puerto Rico customers to create a nexus with Puerto Rico for SUT purposes. Such nexus will trigger a registration and a filing requirement for the taxpayer.

Marketplace Sellers who are merchants duly registered in SURI, will not be required to collect the SUT on the sales of tangible personal property that are made through Marketplace Facilitators. However, to be exempted from the collection of the tax, the Marketplace Seller must obtain the SUT Collection Waiver.



Corporations tax returns instructions for filing⁽¹⁾

Type of return	Due date	File with	Signature	Payment method	Special instructions
Puerto Rico Corporation Income Tax Return Form 480.20	15th day of the 4th month following closing of tax year	Electronically using any program or application certified by the Department or through SURI.	President, Vice President, Treasurer, Assistant Treasurer, Principal Officer or Finance Officer	Electronically through SURI https://suri.hacienda.pr.gov	A 6-month automatic extension may be requested electronically through SURI https://suri.hacienda.pr.gov .
Puerto Rico Corporate and Partnership taxed as Corporations Estimated Tax Payment Voucher Form 480.E.1 (For calendar year)	April 15, 2026 June 15, 2026 Sept. 15, 2026 Dec. 15, 2026	Electronically through SURI https://suri.hacienda.pr.gov	N/A	Electronically through SURI.	Due date depends on Company's tax year (15th day of the 4th, 6th, 9th and 12th month).
U.S. Corporation Income Tax Return Form 1120	15th day of the 4th month following closing of tax year ⁽²⁾	Internal Revenue Service Center PO Box 409101 Ogden, UT 84409	President, Vice President Treasurer, Assistant Treasurer, Chief Acctg. Officer or an Authorized Agent	Electronically through EFTPS.	A 6-month automatic extension may be requested by filing Form 7004 for calendar years and 7 months for fiscal year ending June 30. All others 6-month automatic extension.
Puerto Rico Corporate Annual Fee /LLC Annual Fee	April 15, 2026	Electronically through www.estado.pr.gov	President or Vice President and Treasurer or Assistant Treasurer or an Authorized Agent	Credit or debit card.	N/A
Volume of Business Declaration (Patente Municipal) - OGP PA01	April 22, 2026, 5% discount	Municipality where business is conducted.	An Authorized Agent	Check to Director of Finance or Municipality of (municipality)(write EIN, form and fiscal year on the face of the check).	Payments are due on July 15 current year and January 15 of next year; 5% discount if paid in full by April 22. A 6-month extension may be requested by taxpayer and requires notarization.
Puerto Rico Personal Property Tax Return Form AS-29	May 15, 2026, 5% discount	Electronically through https://portal.crim360.com/crimpr/index.htm	An Authorized Agent	Electronically through "Portal CRIM 360", using electronic check, credit/ debit card (Banco Popular) or by wire transfer/ACH credit.	A 3-month automatic extension may be requested by filing Form AS-30, electronically through https://portal.crim360.com/crimpr/index.htm .
Personal Property Estimated Tax	Aug. 17, 2026 Nov. 16, 2026 Feb. 15, 2027 May 17, 2027	Electronically through https://portal.crim360.com/crimpr/index.htm	N/A	Electronically through "Portal CRIM 360", using electronic check, credit/ debit card (Banco Popular) or by wire transfer/ACH credit.	N/A
Exempt Annual Report	30 days after the filing of the income tax return. ⁽³⁾	Electronically through https://incentives.ddec.pr.gov/	An Authorized Agent	Electronic means using electronic check, credit or debit card.	N/A

(1) Keep records and documents for all these returns and forms for a period of ten (10) years.

(2) Corporations with fiscal year ending on June 30, must file by the 15th of the third month.

(3) For entities with decrees stating a different due date, the applicable due date will be the date stated on the decree.

Pass-through entities tax returns instructions for filing⁽¹⁾

Type of return	Due date	File with	Signature	Payment method	Special instructions
Puerto Rico Informative Income Tax Return - Pass Through Entity Form 480.20 (EC)	Last day of the 3rd month following closing of tax year.	Electronically using any program or application certified by the Department or through SURI.	Managing Partner, Managing Member or Principal Officer	Electronically through SURI.	A 6-month automatic extension may be requested electronically through SURI https://suri.hacienda.pr.gov .
Puerto Rico Informative Return Pass-Through Entity Form 480.6(EC)	Last day of the 3rd month following closing of tax year.	Electronically using any program or application certified by the Department or through SURI.	N/A	N/A	A 6-month automatic extension may be requested electronically through SURI https://suri.hacienda.pr.gov .
Payment Vouchers of Tax Withheld on Distributable Share of Partners or Shareholders of Pass Through Entities Form 480.9EC (For calendar year)	April 15, 2026 June 15, 2026 Sept. 15, 2026 Dec. 15, 2026	Electronically through SURI https://suri.hacienda.pr.gov	N/A	Electronically through SURI.	Due date depends on pass-through entity's year end (15th day of 4th, 6th, 9th and 12th month).
US Partnership Income Tax Return Form 1065	15th day of the 3rd month following closing of tax year.	Internal Revenue Service Center PO Box 409101 Ogden, UT 84409	Partner or LLC Member	N/A	A 6-month automatic extension may be requested electronically through SURI https://suri.hacienda.pr.gov .
Puerto Rico Corporate Annual Fee/LLC Annual Fee	April 15, 2026	Electronically through www.estado.pr.gov	Partner or LLC Member	Credit or debit card.	N/A
Volume of Business Declaration (Patente Municipal) - OGP PA01	April 22, 2026 5% discount	Municipality where business is conducted.	An Authorized Agent	Check to Director of Finance or Municipality of (municipality) (write EIN, form and fiscal year on the face of the check).	Payments are due on July 15, current year and January 15 of next year; 5% discount if paid in full by April 22. A 6-month extension may be requested by taxpayer and requires notarization.
Puerto Rico Personal Property Tax Return Form AS-29	May 15, 2026 5% discount	Electronically through https://portal.crim360.com/crimpr/index.htm	An Authorized Agent	Electronically through "Portal CRIM 360", using electronic check, credit/ debit card (Banco Popular) or by wire transfer/ACH credit.	A 3-month automatic extension may be requested by filing Form AS-30, electronically through https://portal.crim360.com/crimpr/index.htm
Personal Property Estimated Tax	Aug. 17, 2026 Nov. 16, 2026 Feb. 15, 2027 May 17, 2027	Electronically through https://portal.crim360.com/crimpr/index.htm	N/A	Electronic payment through CRIM website using an electronic check, credit or debit card. The only debit card accepted by the agency is from Banco Popular.	N/A
Exempt Annual Report	30 days after the filing of the income tax return. ⁽²⁾	Electronically through https://incentives.ddec.pr.gov/	An Authorized Agent	Payable by electronic means using electronic check, credit card or debit card.	N/A

(1) Keep records and documents for all these returns and forms for a period of ten (10) years.

(2) For entities with decrees stating a different due date, the applicable due date will be the date stated on the decree.

Withholding tax at source on payments for services rendered

General rule:

The Government of Puerto Rico and every person that in the conduct of a trade or business or for the production of income in Puerto Rico, makes payments to another person for services rendered in Puerto Rico, must deduct and withhold 10%. The service provider may elect the Optional Tax and require a withholding of 6% to 20% instead.

Exclusions:

- The first \$500 paid during a calendar year to the person who rendered the service.
- payments made to hospitals, clinics, clinical laboratories, homes for terminally ill patients, homes for elderly, and institutions for disabled persons.
- payments made to organizations exempt under Section 1101.01.
- payments made to direct salespersons for the sale of consumer products.
- payments made to contractors or subcontractors for the construction work (excluding services for architecture, engineering, design, consulting and other professional services of similar nature. Also, does not include plumbers, electricians, maintenance, labor and security).
- payments for services rendered by nonresident individuals or foreign corporations or partnerships not engaged in trade or business in Puerto Rico subject to other withholding provisions under Section 1062.08 and 1062.11.
- payments of salaries subject to withholding, under Section 1062.01.
- payments to individuals, corporations and partnerships during the first three years of their commencement of a service activity.
- payments made to the government of Puerto Rico, its agencies, instrumentalities, public corporations and political subdivisions.
- payments for services to a bona fide farmer who complies with the requirements for the deduction provided in Section 1033.12 of the Code or in any other

provision of an equivalent special law.

- payments made directly, or through agents, representatives, or intermediaries, to an eligible carrier.
- payments made by an eligible carrier to nonprofit entities, for the purpose of carrying out accounting, registration, reporting and collection of air or maritime transportation tickets sales, and other related services on behalf of or for the benefit of such eligible carrier.
- payments for ecclesiastic services rendered by priests or other ministers who are duly authorized or ordained, including rabbis.
- payments for services rendered outside of Puerto Rico.
- payments made by a partnership, special partnership or corporation of individuals that provides services subject to this withholding to an individual, who is a partner or shareholder for services rendered to such entity.
- payments made by a person engaged in trade or business activity or for the production of income in Puerto Rico to another person engaged in a trade or business activity or for the production of income in Puerto Rico and that forms part of a controlled group of corporations or a group of related entities, as defined by sections 1010.04 and 1010.05 of the Code.
- continuing education services described in paragraph (11) of subsection (II) of section 4010.01.

Services excluded by definition

Even though these service providers are excluded from the withholding, the Department reiterates that the person providing the services must submit to the withholding agent an affidavit to such effect.

The affidavit will also apply to the following payments:

- payments excluded from the term “services” under the provisions of Section 1062.03 (a) of the Code: insurance premiums; leasing or sale of tangible or real property; printing; the sale of newspapers, magazines and other publications (including advertisements); and the hiring of radio and television time.

- payments for services rendered to a Driver of Transport Company.
- payments for services rendered not subject to withholding as established by the Department through administrative determination, circular letter or general newsletter.

Return and payment of tax withheld:

Every payor that is required to withhold the tax must pay the tax on or before the 15th day of the following month during which the tax was deducted and withheld through SURI. Refer to the months' due dates for more information.

Form 480.6SP-1 - File Quarterly - The last day of the following month after the quarter ends.

Forms 480.5, 480.6SP, 480.6SP.2 - File annually on February 28 of the following year.

Waivers:

Corporations and pass through entities may obtain a reduced withholding tax of 6% if is in good standing with the Puerto Rico Treasury Department (waiver). A “Partial Relief of Withholding Certificate” must be obtained and remitted to each payer to benefit from the reduced tax withholding. Also, the Secretary of the Treasury may issue a total waiver to corporations and regular partnerships that are in the first year of operations (in Puerto Rico or elsewhere), reflect net operating losses on their income tax return or are required to provide audited financial statements with their returns; or if the volume of business is \$1 million or more and the entity chooses to submit financial statements accompanied by an auditor's report.

Individuals are not eligible for the partial relief-withholding certificate. Therefore, all payments for services made to individuals are subject to a 10% withholding unless the Optional Tax Method is elected.

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Audit

- ◆ Audits of financial statements under AICPA, PCAOB and IAS standards, including integrated audits
- ◆ Financial statement compilations and reviews
- ◆ Regulatory compliance and reporting
- ◆ Agreed upon procedures
- ◆ Employee benefit plan audits
- ◆ Other attestation services

Tax

- ◆ PR and US tax returns for individuals, estates, and trusts
- ◆ PR and US tax returns for corporations and partnerships
- ◆ Tax consulting focuses on planning and strategies for businesses and individuals.
- ◆ Evaluation, application, and implementation of Puerto Rico Tax Incentives
- ◆ Choice of Entity analysis
- ◆ Transfer pricing studies
- ◆ Tax feasibility analyses
- ◆ Assistance with indirect taxes, including sales and use tax, property, municipal taxes, and others
- ◆ Representation with governmental agencies
- ◆ Personal, estate and succession planning
- ◆ Global mobility services (expatriates)

Advisory

- ◆ **Operational advisory**
 - Service organization reports (SOC 1, SOC 2 and SOC 3), and Cyber Security Framework
 - Outsourcing and co-sourcing of internal audit services
 - Development of ERM structures
 - Financial modeling
 - Development and documentation of accounting policies, methodologies, and procedures
 - Technical accounting consultations
- ◆ **Transactional advisory**
 - Valuations for financial reporting, M&A, litigation, and tax purposes
 - Financial due diligence
- ◆ **Forensic advisory**
 - Fraud investigations analysis, expert testimony and advisory
- ◆ **Specialized Technology Advisory Services**
 - IT Governance, Infrastructure, and application audit
 - Information Security Programs and Business Continuity Plans
 - IT Projects risk management and quality assurance

Outsourcing

- ◆ Support in the start-up of a business
- ◆ Payroll processing, payroll deposits and payroll tax returns preparation
- ◆ Processing or reviewing of accounting records and periodic financial analysis
- ◆ Informative returns preparation
- ◆ Preparation of financial statements (monthly, quarterly, or annual)
- ◆ Full outsourcing services, including payment to employees and suppliers, billing, and bank reconciliations.

2026 Holidays and observances

New Year's Day	Thursday, January 1
Three Kings' Day	Tuesday, January 6
Martin Luther King, Jr.	Monday, January 19
St. Valentine's Day	Saturday, February 14
Presidents' Day	Monday, February 16
Ash Wednesday	Wednesday, February 18
Daylight Savings start	Sunday, March 8
St. Patrick's Day	Tuesday, March 17
Emancipation Day (PR)	Sunday, March 22
Palm Sunday	Sunday, March 29
Good Friday	Friday, April 3
Easter Sunday	Sunday, April 5
Administrative Professional Day	Wednesday, April 22
Mother's Day	Sunday, May 10
Memorial Day	Monday, May 25
Juneteenth Day	Friday, June 19
Father's Day	Sunday, June 21
Independence Day	Saturday, July 4
Constitution of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico	Saturday, July 25
Labor Day	Monday, September 7
Columbus' Day (PR and Federal)	Monday, October 12
Daylight Savings ends	Sunday, November 1
Veterans' Day	Wednesday, November 11
Discovery of Puerto Rico	Thursday, November 19
Thanksgiving Day	Thursday, November 26
Christmas Day	Friday, December 25

Disclaimer

This Tax Calendar and its content do not constitute advice. Clients should not act solely on the basis of the material contained in this publication. It is intended for information purposes only and should not be regarded as specific advice. In addition, advice from proper consultant should be obtained prior to taking action on any issue discussed in this document. All the information contained in this Tax Calendar is as of December 31, 2025.

Contact us and Offices

Aida Ramírez, CPA Partner | Audit

Ali Díaz, CPA Partner | Tax

Angel Rivera, CPA Partner | Audit

Angiee Chico, CPA, CIA, CGMA Partner | Audit

Carlos Dolagaray, CPA Managing Partner

Eduardo Herencia, CPA Partner | Audit and Advisory

Federico Aguirre, CPA Partner | Tax

Francisco Luis, CPA, Esq. Partner | Head of Tax

Helder Cruz, CPA Partner | Audit

Johanna Pérez, CPA CFE, CAMS, CGMA Partner | Head of Audit

Jorge E. Cañellas, CPA Partner | Audit

Marta E. Rodríguez, CPA, CVA, CGMA Partner | Head of Advisory

Omar Mues, CPA Partner | Tax

Silvia Bonet, CPA Partner | Audit

Grant Thornton Puerto Rico Advisors LLC

33 Bolivia Street Suite 400

San Juan, Puerto Rico 00917-2013

Varey Building

36 Cristina Street

Ponce, Puerto Rico 00733-8665

T +1 787 754 1915

F +1 787 751 1284

W www.grantthornton.pr

Office Hours

Monday to Friday
from 8:30 am to 5:30 pm

For inquiries and comments you can
write us to: gt@pr.gt.com

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